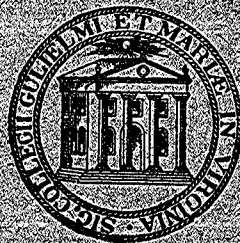


VOL. XI. No. 2

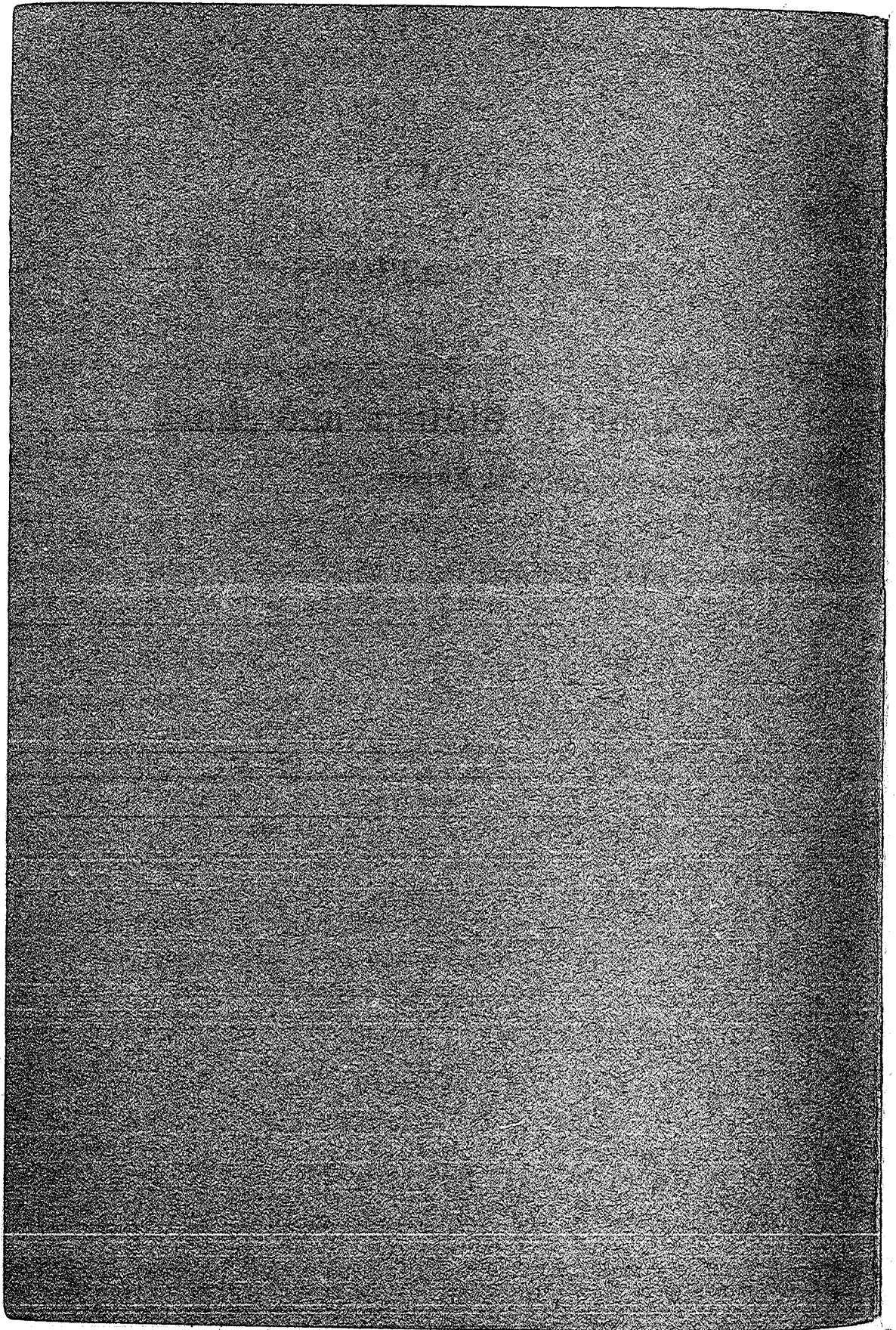
OCTOBER, 1917

BULLETIN
OF THE
College of
William and Mary
Williamsburg, Virginia



Laws and Regulations

1837



LAWS
AND
REGULATIONS

OF THE

College of William and Mary
in Virginia



PETERSBURG:

Printed at the Office of the Farmers Register

1837

A REPRINT

College of William and Mary

Founded 1693

VISITORS OF WILLIAM AND MARY COLLEGE

BURWELL BASSETT
ALEXANDER D. GALT
JOHN B. SEAWELL
ROBERT G. SCOTT
JOHN TYLER
CHARLES EVERETT
JOHN C. PRYOR
ROBERT McCANDLISH
JOHN PAGE
WILLIAM ROBINS
GEORGE BLOW
THOMAS G. PEACHY
EDMUND RUFFIN
THOMAS MARTIN

PROFESSORS

THOS. R. DEW, President, and Professor of Mor. and Pol. Phil.
ROBERT SAUNDERS, Prof. of Mathematics.
JNO. MILLINGTON, Prof. of Chem. and Nat. Phil.
BEVERLEY TUCKER, Prof. of Law.
DABNEY BROWN, Prof. of Humanity.

**Statutes of the Visitors, Passed and Amended
at Different Times**

**A STATUTE FOR THE GOOD GOVERNMENT
OF THE COLLEGE**

1. It is expected that every one who intends to become a student of William and Mary, will, within twenty-four hours after his arrival in town, call on the President, and matriculate, by signing his name, with that of his parent or guardian, and the post office to which letters are usually directed for them.
2. Before any one matriculates he shall be furnished with the laws of college, so far as the conduct of students is concerned, that he may have a knowledge of the laws by which he is to be governed. And at the time when he matriculates, if before the 22d of February, he shall pay a fee of five dollars for the use of the library; and if after that time, two dollars and fifty cents.
3. The following declaration shall be read and subscribed by each student before he matriculates: "I, A. B. do acknowledge that the laws of this college have been made known to me, and I promise on my honor, as a gentleman, that I will not wilfully and deliberately violate, or cause, aid, or advise any other to violate the same."
4. Students and scholars are required to conform to the laws of the state, and of morality; and, in speech and behavior, to show proper respect to all persons, and particularly to those who are in the government or instruction of the college, and diligently to attend to their studies, so as to be prepared in all their exercises in College.
5. If the Society of President and Masters, or Professors, or any member of it, shall believe that a student or students have in any manner misbehaved, or have been idle or inattentive to his studies, it shall be the duty of the society to appoint one or more

of their own body to confer with, and advise in private, and in a friendly manner, such student; and if he shall deny, on his honor as a gentleman, the offence of which it has been believed he was guilty, such denial shall be taken as conclusive evidence of his innocence.

6. But if he shall admit that he has committed an offense, or not admitting it, shall within a reasonable time fail to deny it, after such conference and advice, and in either case promise amendment, it shall be the duty of the society to pronounce such punishment as it shall think proper.

7. In all cases of a combination or agreement to commit an offence, and in all cases where numbers are engaged in the commission of an offence, the society may, for good reasons, make discrimination in the punishment, and punish such only as it thinks necessary.

8. In case of misbehavior or disorderly conduct in the college building, all students who reside in college, and all those who may be there at the time, shall be considered as offenders.

9. Expulsion shall not be used as a punishment except for offences of great turpitude, or in cases where the society shall believe that no reformation can be expected, or where a student has been punished twice.

10. Any student who shall hold communication with a suspended or expelled student, (if the society shall deem it expedient to prohibit such communication,) shall be punished according to the discretion of the society.

11. It shall be the duty of every Professor who is engaged in delivering a lecture, to direct any student whose conduct is indecorous during lecture to retire; and unless such student shall in a reasonable time make an apology satisfactory to such Professor, it shall be the duty of the society to inflict such punishment as it thinks proper.

12. Professors are cautioned and enjoined from making any remarks, by way of reproof or otherwise, injurious to the feelings of students during lecture, or on any other occasion.

13. And although it is impossible and unnecessary to detail every act which may be considered as improper in a student, and for which punishment may be inflicted, yet it is deemed proper to enumerate the following, as being of very injurious tendency:

1. Duelling.
2. Drunkenness, or drinking wine or ardent spirits in the rooms of students.
3. Gaming.
4. Idleness, or want of preparation at lecture.
5. Frequenting taverns within or without the city of Williamsburg, or any other place where they are permitted to purchase and drink ardent spirits.

NOTE. All houses of private entertainment shall be viewed in the same light as taverns, and no student shall be allowed to board in them, or to frequent them.

6. Carrying arms privately, shooting, or making noise in the night or day in the city.

14. And to obviate any doubt as to the mode or sufficiency of proof, it is declared to be their duty, and the society and each Professor is strictly enjoined and required to act, whensoever they shall believe that a student or students have committed any offence, or misbehaved in any manner. And when any student or students are thus charged with any offence, unless he or they shall deny it, the society shall proceed to act; and this upon the strict legal principle, that if one charged with an offence shall stand mute, he shall be punished.

15. But in all cases when a student or students shall be believed to have committed an offence, and shall on his honor as a gentleman, deny it, and aver his innocence, such declaration shall be taken by a Professor as conclusive proof of his innocence; because the convocation is satisfied that no student will degrade himself by a falsehood, and that an appeal to his honor will never be made in vain.

16. When there is cause to believe that any number of students have been engaged in any riot or disturbance, or other flagrant violation of the laws of the college, and the faculty shall not be able to attach suspicion on particular students, it shall and may be lawful for the faculty to call on each student of the college to say whether he is guilty or not guilty of such offence; but in all other cases the student or students suspected, shall alone be questioned and catechised.

17. A roll shall be kept by each Professor, which shall be called over at the meeting of his class or classes, and all absentees noted. The roll so kept shall regularly on each Monday, at twelve o'clock, be laid before the society and examined. Let each Professor carefully preserve the roll kept by him, and lay it before the succeeding convocation.

18. Students shall be compelled to attend lectures, and in no instance shall absent themselves, without the consent of the Professor lecturing except in case of sickness; which sickness is not to be received as an excuse, unless the student shall say that it was such as, in his own or his physician's judgment, would have rendered his attendance prejudicial to his health. Nor shall permission of absence be allowed by any Professor in term time, unless at the desire of the parent or guardian, signified in writing.

19. After the violation of any statute, rule or regulation by any student the society shall proceed to inquire into the case and apply the punishment, although he may have absented himself.

20. When any sentence of expulsion, suspension, or censure, shall be pronounced by the President, a copy thereof shall be immediately transmitted to the parent or guardian of such student; and at the time of transmitting the said sentence by the President, a copy of the proceedings of the society shall also be sent.

**RESOLUTION OF THE VISITORS WITH REGARD
TO STUDENTS DEALING ON CREDIT**

(Passed July, 1836.)

Resolved, That it is highly expedient that the practice of students buying on credit should be stopped; and, therefore, that the President be directed to endeavor to obtain the consent, and a formal pledge, of the merchants and dealers of Williamsburg, not to furnish commodities in any case to a student, on credit, unless by the written authority of the parent or guardian, communicated through the faculty; and it is made the duty of the President, should his application be rendered unsuccessful by the refusal to give such pledge, or a violation of it if given, to correspond with the parents or guardians of the young men at college, advising them to give explicit instructions to their sons or wards, not to deal, either in cash or on credit, with any such merchants or dealer.

**A STATUTE FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE
STEWARD, AND REGULATING THE
COLLEGE TABLE**

1. Let the President and Masters or Professors, cause a table to be kept at college, under the management of a man of high respectability of character, to be called Steward, whom they shall select and appoint in meeting, to furnish board, lodging, and other accommodations, during the course of _____ months, from the second Monday in October in each year, to the fourth day of July in the succeeding year, to students applying for the same. Let the stewards so appointed have the use of the Brafferton House, and all rooms in the college building not otherwise appropriated, to enable him to board and lodge students. Let him also have the use of part of the college garden, and so much land adjoining college for cultivation, (and a sufficiency of pine wood from the land around college for the use of his kitchen,) as the faculty may direct and assign to him, free from any rent therefor.

2. Let the steward receive from each student who may apply for board, lodging and fire, for the whole course, \$108; of which

\$58 shall be paid in advance, and the balance on the 22d day of February thereafter.

3. If any student shall require the steward to supply him with candles and washing for the whole course, he shall pay the steward \$22, for the whole course; \$12 in advance, and the balance on the same day as herein before mentioned in the case of board.

4. Let such students as produce to the faculty, upon their entering the college, written authority from their parents or guardians to permit them to board elsewhere than at college, be allowed to board within the city of Williamsburg, except at a tavern, which is expressly prohibited. Let the faculty file the written authority aforesaid, or a copy of it made and signed by such student as a true copy. Nevertheless, the President or any Professor may advise the students so applying, to board with the steward, or in those boarding houses in the city which will furnish the cheapest board.

5. When a student applies to the steward for board, at or after the beginning of the course, and before the 22d of February, he shall pay his board in advance up to that day, at the rate of fifty-eight dollars for the first period of the session, and if he apply, on or after the 22d, he shall pay his board from the time of his application to the end of the course, at the rate of fifty dollars for the second period, also in advance. For washing and candles, the student shall pay at the rate of twelve dollars for the first period (up to the 22d Feb.) in advance; and for the second period, at the rate of ten dollars, also in advance.

6. Money paid in advance by any student for board at college, shall in no case be refunded to him by the steward, except when the parent or guardian of such student shall withdraw him from college for the rest of the course; and then in proportion only to the time for which the advance was made.

7. The faculty shall have power, and they are required to settle and adjust all disputes which arise between the steward and the students boarding with him, respecting the board and other accommodations to be furnished by him, and decide finally between

them. They have the power to discharge the steward, at all times, for improper conduct on his part; and the steward is required, to report to the faculty every instance of great indecorum and misbehavior by any student at his public table.

8. The steward in no instance shall furnish any student with wine, or liquors of any kind, except beer or cider, to be drunk at his public table, and during that time only; nor furnish board or lodging to any other person than a student, professor, or usher, during the collegiate course. The steward shall not permit a game of any kind to be played in the Brafferton House, nor supply materials for gaming elsewhere to any student during the same time.

9. The steward shall not introduce, or permit to be introduced to his public table, any person whatever, save his boarders or any of his family.

10. No servant from the Brafferton House shall be allowed to go into college after night, except when sent by the steward to wait on a sick student.

11. Let the faculty require the steward to keep the Brafferton House, and rooms in college occupied by his boarders, in decent order and repair, without any expense to college. And if any injury shall be done to any room in Brafferton House or in college, occupied by students, the student or students occupying the same, shall cause such injury to be repaired as soon as it is discovered by the steward; and on students failing to do so, the steward shall report the case to the faculty, who shall take such measures to oblige such student or students to repair the same, as they may think proper.

**A STATUTE RELATING TO THE FUNDS, BUILDINGS,
ACCOUNTS, BURSAR, LIBRARY,
AND APPARATUS**

1. *Be it ordained, &c.*, That the society shall, on the fourth day of July in each year, present to the Visitors an accurate account of all moneys received for profits on stock and interest of

money, rent, or from any other source, keeping the income separated from the principle: and also a detailed statement of all payments made by the college.

2. That they present also a separate statement of the productive and unproductive funds, or of any sum loaned on which interest has not been regularly paid half yearly. And also any change in the investment of money, and the reasons, therefor — which accounts and statements, if approved by the Visitors, shall be recorded in a book kept for the purpose by the society.

3. *Be it further ordained, &c.*, That the society report to the Visitors at the same time, the state of buildings, library, and apparatus.

4. Let the society once in every two years, or oftener, if necessary, inquire into the sufficiency of the security given by the bursar, and if necessary require further security.

5. The society are strictly enjoined from using any part of the capital stock.

A STATUTE CONCERNING PROFESSORSHIPS AND SALARIES

1. *Be it ordained, &c.*, That the following Professorships be established in the College:

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| 1. A Professorship of Moral and Political Philosophy, with a salary of | \$1,000 |
| 2. A Professorship of Mathematics, with a salary of | 1,000 |
| 3. A Professorship of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, with a salary of | 1,000 |
| 4. A Professorship of Municipal and National Law and Government, with a salary of | 1,000 |
| 5. A Professorship of Humanity, (including the Usher,) with a salary of | 900 |

Provided, nevertheless, and the salaries aforesaid are granted upon this condition, and none other, that they shall alone be chargeable on and receiveable out of the annual income of the col-

lege, and that which is now in arrear after paying for the repairs and expenses of the College, the income now in arrear being first chargeable with the debt now due to the Professors. And the provision is so to be construed, that the salary of each year be chargeable on the income of the year and such sums as may be in arrear, and not chargeable upon the income of the ensuing year.

2. The Professor of Moral and Political Philosophy shall deliver lectures on Moral Philosophy, Rhetoric and Belles Lettres, Logic, and the Philosophy of Grammar; Political Economy, Metaphysics, Government and History.

3. The Professor of Mathematics shall deliver lectures on Geometry, Algebra, Astronomy, Navigation, Surveying, and Spherical Trigonometry, Conic Sections, and the Differential and Integral calculus.

4. The Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy shall deliver lectures on Chemistry, Mechanics, Hydrodynamics, Pneumatics, Acoustics, Optics, Electricity and Galvanism. And he is authorized to deliver a course of lectures on Civil Engineering, and to receive from each student attending them, the usual fee.

5. The Professor of Law shall deliver lectures on the History and Principles of the Constitution of Virginia, and of the United States and the law as it exists in Virginia, and on Natural and National Law and Government.

6. The Professor of Humanity shall teach Greek and Latin, Heathen Mythology, and Greek and Roman Antiquities. Also, English, Arithmetic and Geography.

7. When observations in addition to, or in illustration of the text books are made by a Professor in writing, he is at liberty to cause each student who attends his lectures to copy them for his own use; and in all cases when additional matter is furnished orally or in writing, students shall take notes thereof during lectures.

8. Each Professor shall be entitled to a fee of twenty dollars from every student who enters his class prior to the 22d February; and no part of the fee shall be returned to a student who is suspended or expelled.

But a student who has once attended a class and paid a fee, shall have the right to attend the same class thereafter without fee; except in the cases of the Law class, the class of Civil Engineering, and the Junior Mathematical class. In the two classes first mentioned, a fee is required for every attendance — and in the Junior Mathematical class, a student who joins it after the first year, shall not be examined by the Professor unless he pay half the regular fee.

A STATUTE TO REGULATE THE COURSE OF LECTURES AND EXAMINATIONS, AND THE HOURS OF LECTURES

1. The lectures in this college shall commence on the second Monday of October, and terminate on the fourth of July.
2. There shall be but one public examination, which shall terminate on the third day of July. But during the continuance of the course, there shall be frequent examinations of each class, under the eye and by the order of the faculty. And every Professor shall, at any time, not exceeding once a month, be at liberty to hold such an examination in the presence of the faculty, provided that it interrupt not the course, or diminish the number of the ordinary lectures. And the classes so to be examined shall undergo the same without previous notice thereof.
3. The students are allowed to have two parties, one on the 22d of February, and the other on the 4th of July.
4. A student shall attend, in the first year, all the lectures in a junior course necessary for a degree. But if he should wish to attend fewer than the lectures necessary for a degree, or should desire to attend the senior classes, before he enters either of the classes, he must apply to the faculty, who will decide whether it be expedient to grant his request. A student will not be permitted to attend a senior class, who is not prepared on the necessary preliminary studies, unless his age, or other circumstances of much weight, shall induce the society to depart from this rule. Students in the second year of their attendance at colleges, shall at-

tend all the lectures of the senior courses necessary for a degree, unless the society shall deem it expedient to permit a deviation from that course.

5. Lectures shall be delivered by each Professor, except the Professor of Humanity, at least three times every week, on each subject, on such days and hours as may be agreed on by the society.

6. The Grammar School shall commence on the first day of October, and terminate on the first day of August.

7. The Professor of Humanity shall keep a boarding-house for the reception and accommodation of such scholars or students as may attend his class, other than the children of those persons who may reside in the vicinity of the school. The accommodation so to be furnished shall include board, lodging, fire, candles and washing, and the Professor shall receive therefor the sum of one hundred dollars from each scholar boarding with him, for the term of ten months, and so in proportion for any shorter period of time. *Provided, however,* any pupil of the school may, at the discretion of the parent or guardian, be boarded elsewhere, at rates not exceeding the foregoing allowance therefor to the Professor.

OATHS OF OFFICE

Oath Required of Visitors

"I, A. B., do solemnly promise and swear, that I will truly and faithfully execute the duties of my office as a Visitor of William and Mary College, according to the best of my skill and judgment, without favor, affection or partiality. *So help me God.*"

A STATUTE APPOINTING THE MODE OF QUALIFYING THE PRESIDENT, MASTERS, OR PROFESSORS OF THE COLLEGE

The importance of the offices of President, and Masters, or Professors of this college, demanding that the same sanctity should be observed in the induction of persons elected thereto, as is customary in the qualification to other offices of trust and profit —

let therefore every person, who shall be elected to the Presidency or a Professorship in this college, take an oath of office, in the presence of the Rector and two Visitors, before he shall be permitted to enter on the duties of, or be entitled to the privileges, profits, or immunities annexed to such office.

Let the said oath be as follows: I, _____, do swear that I will well and truly execute the duties of my office of _____ according to the best of my abilities. *So help me God.*"

COURSE OF STUDIES AND INSTRUCTION AS REGULATED BY THE VISITORS

The course of instruction is comprised in two departments, viz.: the department of sciences, and the department of Ancient Languages.

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES

The department of Sciences appertains to the following Professors.

The Professor of Moral and Political Philosophy.

The Professor of Mathematics.

The Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.

The Professor of Municipal and National Law.

In order to be admitted to this department, the student must be 16 years of age.

In this department are comprised four Junior and three Senior classes, the Law class, and the class of Civil Engineering; all of which are exhibited in the subjoined tabular view.

JUNIOR COURSE

1. Junior Moral class, embracing Rhetoric, Belles Lettres, Logic, Moral Philosophy, and History, ancient and modern.

2. Junior Mathematical — embracing algebra as far as Equations of the second degree, Plane and Solid Geometry, Plane Trigonometry, Mensuration and Surveying.

3. Junior Political, (which occupies only half the course), embracing the Law of Nature and Nations, and Government.

4. Chemical — embracing Inorganic and Organic Chemistry, the application of Chemistry to the arts of Bleaching, Dyeing, Tanning, Metallurgy, Brewing, Distillation, the Manufacture of Glass and Porcelains, &c., together with the elements of Mineralogy and Geology.

SENIOR COURSE

Senior Mathematical — embracing the remainder of Algebra, Application of Algebra to Geometry, Conic Sections, Spherical Trigonometry, Mathematical and Practical Astronomy, and Differential and Integral calculus.

Senior Political — embracing the Philosophy of the Human Mind, and Political Economy.

Natural Philosophical — embracing Mechanics or Statics, and Dynamics, Hydrodynamics, Pneumatics, Acoustics, Optics, Magnetism, Electricity, Electro-Magnetism, Meteorology, Physical and Descriptive Astronomy.

Of the foregoing classes, the following are necessary for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, viz.:

Junior year	{	Junior Moral, Junior Mathematical, Chemical, Junior Political.
-------------	---	-------------------------------------------------------------------------

Senior year	{	Senior Political, Senior Mathematical, Natural Philosophy.
-------------	---	------------------------------------------------------------------

Every student is required by statute to attend, in the Junior year, the three and a half classes, and in the Senior year, the three classes above mentioned, unless the faculty shall see cause to allow him to attend fewer.

Students of ordinary capacity are deemed capable of mastering all the studies necessary for a degree in two years. Such *diligent* students as are desirous of attending all the Junior and Senior classes in that period, may do so with the consent of the faculty. These classes however, with some exercises in the other departments, furnish sufficient employment for a three years' course.

LAW COURSE

The subjects upon which lectures are delivered in this course, are Law and Police, the History and Principles of the Constitutions of the United States and of Virginia.

Law students are not required to attend any of the other classes, but are permitted to do so if they think proper.

COURSE OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

In this course the student is instructed in the principles of plotting or drawing plans, the theory and practice of Mensuration, Land Surveying, Levelling and Draining, the nature and qualities of building materials; working quarries, making bricks, &c., in Road Making, strength of materials, Scientific Carpentry, the theory of arches, the construction of bridges, harbors, breakwaters, &c.; and in the application of the foregoing principles to the Construction of Canals, Rail Roads, Mills, Steam and Locomotive Engines; to the working of mines, the supplying of towns with water, and illuminating them by gas.

The studies in all the scientific departments are conducted by means of lectures and recitations from appropriate text books.

The students are examined minutely at each lecture, when additional explanations and illustrations are furnished by the Professor.

Students and scholars are also questioned circumstantially on the details of their studies, in the presence of the faculty, at frequent periods in the course, and at the public examination.

TEXT BOOKS

Junior Moral Class — Blair's Lectures, Hedge's Logic, Paley's Moral Philosophy, Manual of History by the Professor.

Junior Mathematical Class — Day's Algebra, Legendre's Geometry, Gummere's Surveying.

Chemical Class — Turner's Chemistry, 5th edition.

Class of National Law — Vattel's Law of Nations.

Senior Political Class — Brown's Lectures, Smith's Wealth of Nations, McCulloch's Outlines of Political Economy.

Senior Mathematical Class — Cambridge Trigonometry, Cambridge Calculus, Gummere's Astronomy, and Young's Algebra.

Natural Philosophical Class — Epitome of Mechanical Philosophy, by the Professor (John Millington,) and the following parts of the Library of Useful Knowledge, viz.: Electricity, Magnetism, Electro — Magnetism, Optics, and Optical Instruments.

Law — Tucker's Commentary, Stephen on Pleading, Revised Code, Federalist, Kent's Commentary (1st vol.,) Madison's Resolutions and Report, Starkie on Evidence.

Civil Engineering — A new treatise on Civil Engineering, by the Professor, (John Millington).

COURSE FOR THE DEGREE OF A. M.

In addition to the studies already enumerated, a department of higher studies has been established, necessary to the attainment of the degree of A. M. A student proposing to attend this department, must have taken either the degree of A. B. in this college, or the same or some equivalent degree in some other college of equal standing, and must also be a proficient in the Latin language.

The courses will be as follows, and supervised by the Professors in their several departments.

Moral and Political Department — Campbell's Rhetoric, Abercrombie's Moral Philosophy, Montesquieu's Spirit of Laws, Say and Ricardo on Political Economy, Brown on the Passions, Chalmers' Evidences of Christianity.

Historical — Gillies' Greece, Ferguson's Rome, Sismondi's Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, Russell's Modern Europe, Hallam's Middle Ages and Constitutional History of England, History of the United States.

Mathematical — Brewstered Legendre, Young's and Bourdon's Algebra, Young's Analytical Geometry, Young's Differential and Integral Calculus, Gummere's Astronomy.

Physical — Turner's Chemistry (completed and more fully examined,) Young's Mechanics, Newton's Principia.

Law Department — Constitutional Law.

The student will pay to each Professor whom he shall attend, \$20 for this course.

In this course there will be no regular lectures, but the student will receive the instruction of the Professors at such times as may be agreed upon between them.

DEPARTMENT OF ANCIENT LANGUAGES

The department of Ancient Languages is under the direction of the Professor of Humanity, assisted by one or more ushers, as circumstances may require.

In this department are taught Latin and Greek, and as far as is necessary, the ordinary branches of English education.

Boys are admitted so soon as they are qualified to commence the study of the ancient languages.

The Professor of Humanity has also a class of higher classics in which are taught Heathen Mythology and Grecian and Roman Antiquities. The students at the same time read the higher Greek and Latin authors.

TEXT BOOKS

In the Grammar School, the ordinary Greek and Latin classics, together with any others which may be desired.

In the class of higher classics—Tooke's Pantheon, Potter's Grecian Antiquities, and Kenneth's Roman Antiquities, Cicero de Oratore and Cicero's Letters, Horace, Tacitus and Juvenal, Xenophon's Anabasis, Thucydides, Euripides and Homer.

EXPENSES

The necessary expenses of a regular Junior Student for the whole course are as follows:

Board, lodging, fuel, washing, candles, &c.	\$130 00
Three whole fees for the Junior Moral, Junior Mathematical and Chemical courses	60 00
One half fee for the Junior Political course	10 00
Matriculation fee, (which entitles the student to the use of the library,)	5 00
	<hr/>
	\$205 00

The expenses of a regular Senior Student are ten dollars less than this amount, since he is required to attend only three classes.

The fee for attendance upon the Law class, is	\$20 00
Class of Civil Engineering	20 00
Class of Higher Classics	20 00

The necessary expenses of a pupil in the department of Ancient Languages for the whole course, are as follows:

For board, lodging, washing, fuel, candles, and attendance of servants	\$100 00
Tuition fee	20 00
	<hr/>
	\$120 00

These are all the expenses that are *necessary* to the student in the several departments, books, clothing, and stationery excepted.

Experience has shown that large sums by way of pocket money, are extremely prejudicial; it is, therefore, most earnestly recommended to parents and guardians, as much as possible to restrict their sons and wards in this particular, and to prohibit them from purchasing any thing on credit.

REGULATIONS OF THE SOCIETY

1. No student shall be admitted into any of the scientific courses under sixteen years of age, unless he is at the same time prosecuting his studies in the department of Ancient Languages, or unless the abilities and acquirements of the applicant be such as to justify a departure from this rule.

2. Students from other colleges may enter any of our classes, but they cannot obtain a degree without passing an examination upon all the studies required by statute.

3. No student who enters a class according to the regulations of the college, shall quit the same without the consent of the society.

4. No student, except those whose primary object it is to attend the Law class, shall be permitted to enter the class of Natural Philosophy who is not acquainted with plane geometry, plane trigonometry, and simple equations in algebra, unless the society shall deem it expedient to permit a deviation from that course.

5. Every room in college, except such as may be otherwise specially appropriated, shall contain, if necessary, two students and no more.

6. Students are strictly forbidden to go either to York or Jamestown, without permission from the society.

7. Students are required to be employed in study at least seven hours out of the twenty-four, exclusive of the time occupied in lecture; and in case of the want of due preparation at any

time, they shall be considered as offending against the law for the good government of the college, unless they shall prove that they have complied with this requisition.

8. Those students who may be absent from a public examination in consequence of sickness, shall, as soon as they have recovered, if it be deemed proper, be examined fully before the faculty.

9. Students may be punished by admonition, reproof, censure, suspension, dismissal, or expulsion, according to the nature of the offence and the previous deportment of the offender.

10. No student shall leave the lecture room during lecture, except by permission of the Professor.

11. The grammar scholars are forbidden to go upstairs in the college building, except in the necessary discharge of their duties.

12. No student shall make, or be concerned in making any unnecessary noise, disturbance, or uproar in the street, in the college, or elsewhere.

13. No student shall in any way injure, deface, or disfigure the building, or the statue, or any other college property, under pain of restitution for all damages done, besides being subjected to such college punishment as the society may impose.

14. If, in case of disorder in town or college by night, any student when bidden by a Professor, does not immediately retire to his own room, or if, having so retired, he again leaves it before the next day, he shall be liable to such punishment as the society may think proper to inflict.

15. The students who do not room in college, shall not be there after candlelight, without permission from a Professor; and the weekly meetings of their societies shall always take place in the day, and not continue after candlelight.

16. Students and scholars are strictly forbidden to buy, or employ others to buy any wines, ale, porter, or spiritous liquors; and they are equally forbidden to drink them, even in moderation,

except when visiting, or invited out by some inhabitant of the town. Students, however, are allowed the use of beer and cider at dinner, at their respective boarding-houses.

17. Except when invited by a private family, the students and scholars shall not be permitted, during the session, to have, to give, or to be present at any suppers, any private or public eating or drinking parties by day or by night, either at their rooms, boarding-houses, or elsewhere, except on the 22d of February and 4th of July.

18. No students, without the permission of the President or a Professor, shall go into a tavern, or any other place in town, or elsewhere, where he may purchase and drink any intoxicating liquor.

19. No student shall bet or play at any game whatever, nor keep or permit to be used or introduced into his room, any cards, dice, or other implements of gaming whatsoever.

20. No student or scholar shall go into the garden against the consent of the President.

21. No student shall introduce a dog into the college building.

22. Students are strictly forbidden to keep, or to have about their person, any dirk, sword or pistol. Firing squibs or crackers in and about college, or elsewhere, is also strictly forbidden.

23. Students who have been suspended or dismissed will be held subject to all the laws of the college during their stay in town — that statute excepted which requires their attendance at lecture. They shall leave town so soon as practicable; and every such student as, without permission from the faculty, shall remain in Williamsburg longer than a week after sentence pronounced, shall be liable to severe punishment.

24. Every two months the faculty shall send to every parent or guardian, a report, stating how often, and the days of the month when, his son, or ward was absent from lecture; the reasons of his absence; the number of times he has been reported to the society for not being prepared at lecture — together with an account of every misdemeanor which he may have committed, as well

as the penalty which it drew after it. Should the conduct of the student require it, *monthly* or more frequent reports shall be sent home.

25. On the Sabbath day, all the students and scholars have it in their power to attend some place of public worship; and every pupil is required to behave with all that decorum and solemnity which are due to the place and the occasion.

26. Whenever the society inflict upon a student boarding at the steward's the punishment of suspension, or any other of a higher order, such student shall, before sunset on the day his punishment is announced to him, quit both the Brafferton and the college, and take his board and lodging in the city; and should he, without the permission of some member of the society, appear again in the college premises, either by day or night, before he leaves town, he shall be liable to expulsion. In all the above cases, the steward is hereby forbidden to furnish the student with either board or lodging, after the time above mentioned, unless said student obtain from the faculty permission to remain.

27. As students sometimes, instead of paying their fees and board in advance, as required by statute, retain their funds without the knowledge of parents or guardians, it shall be the duty of the society, in every circular for the information of parents or guardians, to state the amount of board or fees that on the part of any particular student remains still unpaid.

28. All students of Theology, studying for the Ministry, are admitted without fee to all the lectures, as well as to instruction in the classical department.

LIBRARY

Students shall have access to the library on the following terms, viz.:

1. The library shall be open from 12 to 2 o'clock on every Saturday when students may attend, and receive from the hands of the librarian the book desired.

2. No book so received shall be kept longer than a week, at the end of which time the book must be returned in good order. The student may indeed take out the same book twice, or oftener; but he must return it at the end of each week into the possession of the librarian. If any book be injured by a student, he must replace the whole set (when he will of course have the right to take the injured set.) Scribbling in a book is an injury which will subject a student to the above mentioned penalty.

3. No books presented by the late king of France, shall be lent out to students. This also applies to dictionaries and books of reference.

4. The librarian shall keep a book, in which he shall regularly enter every volume taken out, together with the name of the receiver, and the time when. He shall annually report to the society, at the meeting before the public examination in June, the state of the library; he shall keep an account of all damages done to the books, and exhibit it at the first subsequent meeting of the society; and he shall keep a catalogue of such books as the society may recommend to the perusal of the students. In this catalogue the books shall be arranged under different heads, according to the different subjects treated of in them.

5. None shall be permitted to take books out of the library but the Professors and matriculated students; nor shall any student take out more than one volume at a time.

6. No student shall enter beyond the librarian's counter, when the library is open for the delivery of books, nor shall any be permitted to take down any book from its place without the permission of the librarian.

7. The members of the society may, through the librarian, take whatever books they please, and keep them as long as they find it necessary. But all books must be annually returned to the librarian by the first of June, that he may have time to make out his report to the society. No book belonging to the library shall ever be carried away, further than the city of Williamsburg, except by special permission.

STEWARD, BOARDING, &c.

1. The steward shall prohibit all servants, excepting those belonging to the Brafferton, and those in the employment of the Professors, from entering the college building after night; and in order to be admitted, the last must have a note in writing.

2. No meals shall be sent into the private room of a student, unless he be sick, or so much indisposed as to render it unsafe to go out.

3. The steward shall cause every lodging room to be twice swept and put in good order daily, and to be scoured once a fortnight. All the passages and steps above stairs, shall be swept daily and scoured out once a month.

4. The steward is required to make a weekly report to the faculty of every instance of great indecorum or misbehavior by a student, not only at the public table as ordered by the Visitors, but also in his lodging room.

OF DEGREES AND OTHER COLLEGIATE HONORS

Whereas, literary honors, judiciously conferred, have a manifest tendency to stimulate ingenuous youth in the pursuit of knowledge, and are also to be considered as the distinguishing rewards of improved genius and established worth, it is therefore

Resolved, by the President and Professors, That degrees in different branches of science shall be conferred under the regulations and considerations following:

I. The regular degrees to be conferred shall be — 1. That of Bachelor, 2. That of Master.

Of the Bachelor's Degree there shall be two kinds, viz.: Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Law.

The Master's Degree shall be that of Arts.

II. The rules to be observed by students desirous of obtaining the above degrees, shall be the following:

First. No student shall be admitted as a candidate for a Bachelor's Degree, unless he be of one year's standing at least, in this college.

Second. No student shall be admitted as a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Law, unless he have taken either the degree of A. B. in this college, or some equivalent degree in some other institution; or obtained a certificate (such as are hereinafter mentioned) in at least one full course of study other than that of Law, taught in this college.

Third. For the degree of Master, the candidate must have taken either the degree of A. B. in this college, or the same or some equivalent degree in some other college of equal standing.

III. The qualifications requisite for each degree shall be the following:

First. For the degree of Bachelor of Arts, the student must have a competent knowledge of the subjects taught in the classes heretofore designated as Junior and Senior, viz.: the Junior Moral class, the Junior and Senior Mathematical classes, the Senior Political class, the Chemical class, the class of Natural Philosophy, and the Junior Political class.

Second. For the degree of Bachelor of Law, the student must be well acquainted with Municipal Law and Police; in addition to the qualifications already mentioned.

Third. For the degree of Master of Arts, the student must have attended with success the course of instruction heretofore mentioned as necessary for this degree, and must be a proficient in the Latin Language.

IV. Regulations to be observed.

First. In conferring the above degrees, the strictest regard shall always be had to the moral character of the candidate, nor shall degrees ever be conferred but upon those whose conduct as students shall be irreproachable.

Second. Every student who may be a candidate for either of the degrees above mentioned, shall deliver to the President of the college, on or before the first of June in every year, a thesis written upon such subject as may be proposed or ap-

proved by the society; which thesis shall, without delay, be submitted to the private examination of each Professor and then to a meeting of the society.

Third. The thesis afford a proof that the candidate is well acquainted with the principles of composition; and for this purpose it shall be distinguished for a clear order or proper arrangement of all its parts, for just argumentation, for perspicuity and neatness of style, and an entire exemption from defects in punctuation and orthography; it shall, moreover, afford proof that the candidate has carefully studied the subject of his thesis, and has obtained such philosophical and correct ideas respecting it, as are the result of industrious research, and of that degree of scientific attainment which may be reasonably expected from those who have availed themselves of the advantage of collegiate instruction.

Fourth. Those whose theses are approved by the President and Professors, shall immediately be examined by the faculty, in private, upon all those studies that are necessary for the degree applied for, and those who are candidates for either of the degrees of Bachelor, shall subsequently be examined publicly, in company with the other members of their classes, as early as practicable, at the public examination which shall commence on the day of June.

Fifth. The society, notwithstanding the foregoing regulations, still reserve to themselves the liberty of publishing to their country, the merits of students who may be so particularly circumstanced as not to come within the said regulations, by conferring degrees when they find such extraordinary literary merit and virtue united, as to induce a deviation from these regulations. They also reserve the right of granting honorary degrees of A. M., LL.D., and D. D., to such persons, whether Alumni of this college or not, as shall have rendered themselves distinguished in any learned pursuit, entitling them to the degree.

Resolved, also, by the President and Professors, That certificates under the college seal, of proficiency in each of the subjects taught in the college, shall be granted to those whose con-

duct shall be unexceptionable, and who shall prove themselves entitled to the distinction in a strict examination before the faculty.

This examination shall take place during the month of June in each year.

Any student who shall have obtained certificates in all the subjects required for the degree of A. B., shall be entitled to the degree without further examination, upon handing in a thesis which shall be approved (as already mentioned.)

To obtain a certificate in the class of Civil Engineering, the student must be acquainted with the subjects taught in the Junior Mathematical class.

To obtain a certificate in the class of Higher Classics the student must have attended the Junior Moral class.

The theses of the successful candidates for degrees, (or such of them as shall be selected by the faculty,) shall be spoken in public by the respective authors on the fourth day of July, in every year, at which time, degrees and certificates shall be conferred.

VACATIONS

1. There is but one vacation, commencing on the fifth of July and ending the second week in October. On the second Monday in this month, precisely at 12 o'clock, the college is annually opened, collegiate duties are immediately resumed, and it is disadvantageous to the student to delay entering beyond that time.

2. There is no intermission of collegiate exercises except on Good Friday, Christmas, and the 22d of February. During which three days the students and scholars are exempted from the duty of attending lecture. But no permission will be given them to go home, unless they live so near that they can return and be prepared for lecture on the ensuing day, and that at the request of the parent or guardian expressed in writing.

3. The vacation in the department of Ancient Languages extends from the first of August to the first of October.

THOMAS R. DEW,
President and Professor.

