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Dear Sir

Monticello Apr. 13. 20.

Your favor of Mar. 27. is received, and my granddaughter Ellen has undertaken to copy the Syllabus, which will therefore be inclosed. it was originally written to Dr. Rush. on his death, fearing that the inquisition of the publice might get hold of it, I asked the return of it from the family, which they kindly complied with. at the request of another friend, I had given him a copy. he lent it to his friend to read, who copied it, and in a few months it appeared in the Theological magazine of London. happily that repository is scarcely known in this country; and the Syllabus therefore is still a secret, and in your hands I am sure it will continue so.

But while this Syllabus is meant to place the character of Jesus in its true and high light, as no imposter himself, but a great Reformer of the Hebrew code of religion, it is not to be understood that I am with him in all his doctrines. I am a Materialist; he takes the side of spiritualism. he preaches the efficacy of repentance towards <sup>of sin,</sup> forgiveness, I require a counterpoise of good works to redeem it &c. &c. it is the innocence of his character, the purity & sublimity of his moral precepts, the eloquence of his inculcations, the beauty of the apologetics in which he conveys them, that I so much admire, sometimes indeed needing indulgence to Eastern hyperbolism. my eulogies too may be founded on a postulate which all may not be ready to grant. among the sayings & discourses imputed to him by his biographers, I find many passages of fine imagination, correct morality, and of the most lovely benevolence: and others again of so much ignorance, so much absurdity, so much untruth, charlatanism, and imposture, as to pronounce it impossible that such contradictions should have proceeded from the same being. I separate therefore the gold from the dross; restore to him the former, & leave the

letter to the stupidity of some, and roguery of others of his disciples.  
of this band of dupes and impostors, Paul was the great Cory-  
phaeus, and first corrupter of the doctrines of Jesus. These palp-  
able interpolations and falsifications of his doctrines led me to  
try to sift them apart. I found the work obvious and easy, and  
that his part composed the most beautiful morsel of morality  
which has been given to us by man. The Syllabus is therefore  
of his doctrines, not all of mine. I read them as I do those of  
other ancient and modern moralists, with a mixture of ap-  
probation and dissent.

I rejoice, with you, to see an encouraging spirit of internal im-  
-ovement prevailing in the states. The opinion I have ever expressed of  
the advantages of a Western communication through the James river,  
I still entertain, and that the Cayuga is the most promising of the links  
of communication. The history of our University you know,  
so far. 7 of the 10 pavilions destined for the Professors, and about 30  
dormitories will be compleated this year, and 3. other, with 6. Hotels for  
boarding, & so. Other dormitories will be compleated the next  
year, and the whole be in readiness then to receive those who are to  
occupy them. but means to bring them into place, and to set the ma-  
chine into motion, must come from the legislature. an opposition  
in the mean time has been got up. That of our alma mater Hili-  
-am and Matep, is not of much weight. She must descend into  
the secondary rank of academies of preparation for the University.  
The serious enemies are the priests of the different religious sects,  
to whose spells on the human mind it's improvement is ominous.  
Their pulpits are now resounding with denunciations against the  
appointment of Dr. Cooper whom they charge as a Monotheist in oppo-

sition to their tritheism. hostile as these sects are in every other point, to one another, they unite in maintaining their mystical theogony against those who believe there is one god only. The Presbyterian clergy are loudest, the most intolerant of all sects, the most tyrannical, and ambitious; ready at the word of the lawgiver, if such a word could be now obtained, to put the torch to the pile, and to rekindle in this virgin hemisphere, the flames in which their oracle Calvin consumed the poor Servetus, because he could not find in his Euclid the proposition which has demonstrated that three are one, and one is three, nor subscribe to that of Calvin that magistrates have a right to exterminate all heretics to Calvinistic creed. They pant to reestablish by law that holy inquisition, which they can now only infuse onto public opinion. we have most unwisely committed to the hierophants, of our particular superstition, the direction of public opinion, that lord of the Universe. we have given them stated and privileged days to collect and catechise us, opportunities of delivering their oracles to the people in mass, and of moulding their minds as was in the hollow of their hands. but, in despite of their fulminations against endeavors to enlighten the general mind, to improve the reason of the people, and encourage them in the use of it, the liberality of this state will support this institution, and give fair play to the cultivation of reason. Can you ever find a more eligible occasion of visiting once more your native country, than that of accompanying Mr. Correa, and of seeing with him this beautiful and hopeful institution in ovo?

Altho' I had laid down, as a law to myself, never to write, talk, or even think of politics, to know nothing of public affairs & therefore

had ceased to read newspapers. yet the Missouri question aroused and filled me with alarm. the old schism of Federal & republican, threat-  
-ened nothing, because it existed in every state, and united them together by the fraternism of party. but the coincidence of a marked principle, no  
<sup>political</sup> with a geographical line, once conceived, I feared would never more be  
obliterated from the mind; that it would be recurring on every occa-  
-sion & renewing irritations, until it would kindle such mutual & mortal  
hatred, as to render separation preferable to eternal discord. I have been  
among the most sanguine in believing that our Union would be of long  
duration. I now doubt it much, and see the event at no great distance,  
and the direct consequence of this question: not by the line which has been  
so confidently counted on. the laws of nature control this: but by the Potomak  
Ohio, and Missouri, or more probably the Mississippi upwards to our Northern  
boundary. my only comfort & confidence is that I shall not live to see this:  
and I envy not the present generation the glory of throwing away the fruits  
of their fathers sacrifices of life & fortune, and of rendering desperate the  
experiment which was to decide <sup>ultimately</sup> whether man is capable of self government?  
This treason against human hope will signalize their epoch in future history,  
as the counterpart of the medal of their predecessors.

You kindly enquire after my health. There is nothing in it imme-  
-diately threatening, but swelled legs, which are kept down mechanical-  
-ly by bandages from the toe to the knee. these I have worn for 6 months.  
but the tendency to turgidity may proceed from debility alone. I can walk the  
round of my garden; not more. but I ride 6. or 8. miles a day without fatigue.  
I shall set out to Poplar Forest within 3. or 4. days; a journey from which my rheu-  
-matism augurs much good. I salute you with constant and affectionate friendship  
and respect.

Th: Jefferson