



NEWS

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Kaine names Banks to Board of Visitors



Charles A. Banks, former group chief executive of Wolseley PLC, the world's largest supplier of heating and plumbing products, has been appointed by Gov. Timothy M. Kaine to the College's Board of Visitors. In addition, the governor reappointed current board members Suzann Matthews ('71), who has served since 2005 as the board's secretary, along with Thomas E. Capps and Sarah Ives Gore ('56) to second terms.

"Charlie Banks will be as much an asset to the College's Board of Visitors as he has been to the William and Mary community over the past dozen years," said Michael K. Powell ('85), who is rector of the board. "We welcome him and look forward to working with him."

Banks, who was named an honor-
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BOV hears about new campus facilities

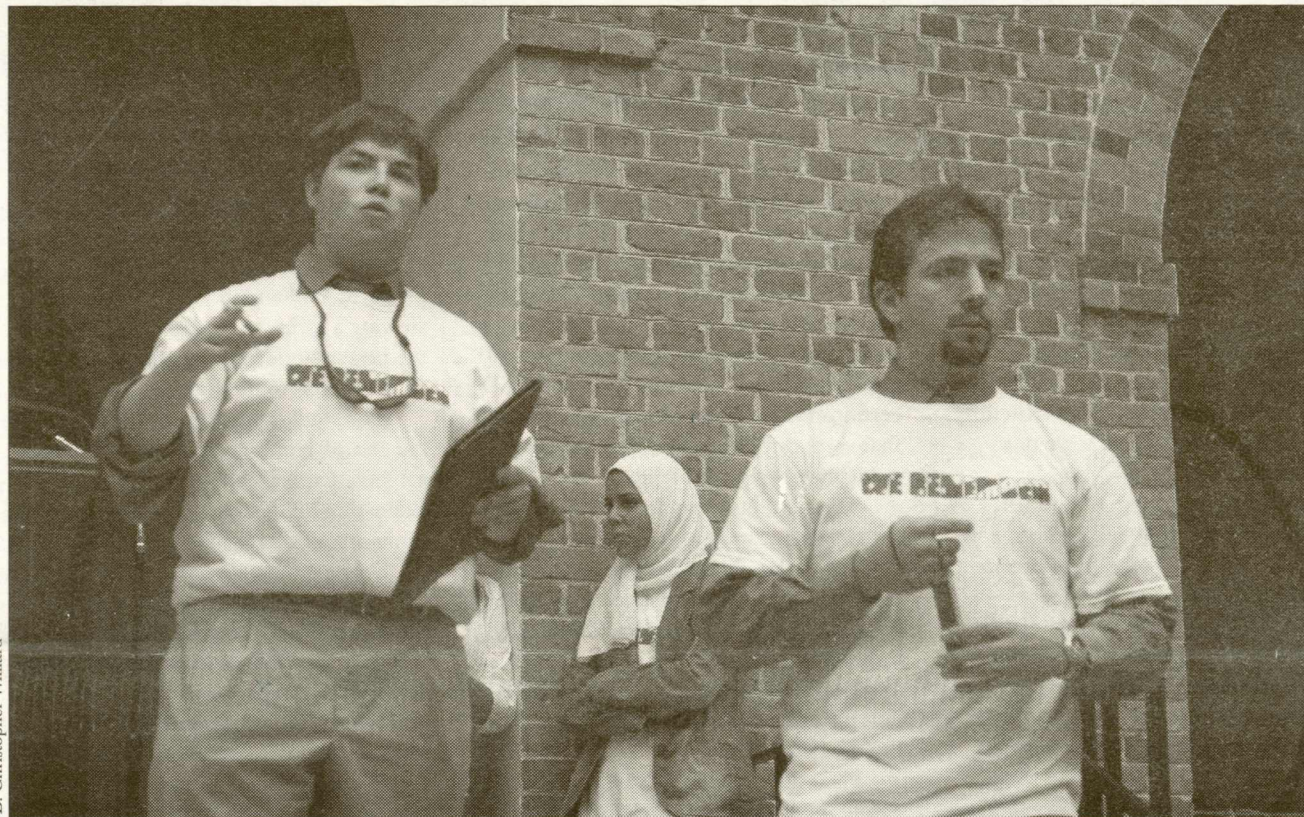
In many ways, this semester has represented the beginning of a new day in terms of facilities at William and Mary—one this campus has not seen in more than three decades.

The new Jamestown residences, housing 389 students, were completed for the opening of school. A new 518-space parking garage, complete with new offices for William and Mary's police and parking services staff, opened in August. The newly renovated and expanded recreation center opened to the campus community over Labor Day weekend.

But, as Anna Martin, vice president for administration, told members of the Board of Visitors last week, there is much
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Five years later

Terrorist attacks of 9/11 are remembered



D. Christopher Willard

Scott Brown (l) and Michael Reed organized the 9/11 commemorative program at the College.

On Sept. 11, William and Mary joined the nation in reflecting upon the terrorist attacks of 2001. In the Sunken Garden, 3,000 U.S. flags were planted; along the walkways, luminarias with the names of victims were lit; in the Wren Courtyard, stories about the seven alumni of the College who perished in New York's World Trade Center were shared. The stories brought the tragedy home to the campus.

Clay Clemens, professor of government, spoke about James Reilly ('98) and Gregory Trost ('97), former students who worked together on the 89th floor of the South Tower. He recalled how, on Sept. 11, 2001, "Those who knew Jim and Greg started exchanging e-mail messages expressing un-

easiness, growing dread and finally heartbreak as it became clear that neither of them had made it out."

"Rarely had such pain been so palpable in something as dry and impersonal as e-mail," Clemens said.

As he and other speakers remembered the fallen alumni, they used terms such as "book-smart, people-brilliant," "the human jukebox," the "center of a group of friends," a person who "loved to give," a person who "lived an extraordinary life," a person with a "smile that would light up the room," a "lifelong friend" and a rugby player with the "ability to make friends with everyone he met." The warm recollections brought tears to the eyes of many who listened;
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Supreme Court Preview tackles detainee rights

On the heels of the fifth anniversary of the 9/11 terrorist attacks against the United States, journalists, lawyers and legal scholars came to William and Mary to discuss the ramifications of Supreme Court rulings in the case of *Hamdan v. Rumsfeld* as part of the Institute of Bill of Rights Law 19th Annual Supreme Court Preview.

"The war on terror panel proved to be a clash of absolutes," said Neal Devins, director of the Institute of Bill of Rights Law and Goodrich Professor of Law and Lecturer in Government at the Marshall-Wythe School of Law. "Neal Katyal, who argued the Guantanamo Bay case last year, made a strong case for the illegitimacy of Bush administration efforts to limit detainee rights. But John Yoo, who helped to craft the policies that the Supreme Court rejected last year, was equally effective in explaining why the Bush administration had reason to feel their policies would be approved by the courts."

"Altogether, it's not that surprising that the Supreme Court



Suzanne Seuratian

Neal Katyal

ruled the way it did," said Katyal, professor of law at Georgetown University, of the *Hamdan* decision.

Katyal, the counsel of record for Salim Hamdan, participated in the panel discussion of the landmark case in which his client prevailed. In June 2006 the Supreme Court ruled in favor of Hamdan and said that the president of the United States did not have the authority to order enemy combatants tried by military tribunals in lieu of civilian courts.

Hamdan was charged with conspiracy to commit terrorist acts after 9/11 and has been detained at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. A Yemeni citizen, Hamdan is alleged by the U.S. government to have been Osama Bin Laden's driver.

Held as an enemy combatant, Hamdan was to be tried under the jurisdiction of a military commission. Hamdan appealed that jurisdiction by contending his case should be tried in a civil court.

The Court's ruling sent shock waves through the administra-

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Berquist and Foster receive President's awards during convocation.
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Alumni party in D.C.

Nearly 400 attend special event at the Egyptian Embassy.
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Baseball with Raphael

Professor discusses what is Jewish about America's pastime.
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College's board updated on construction initiatives

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more work to be done. Martin briefed board members on current and future construction projects, including two major facilities that will transform both the School of Education and the Mason School of Business.

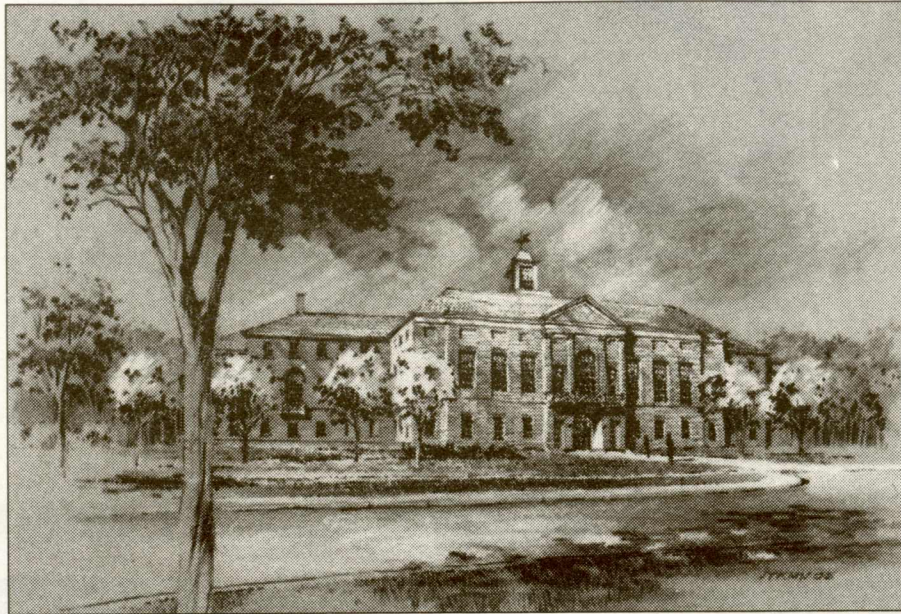
The new School of Education facility will be located on the 22-acre site of the former Williamsburg Sentara Hospital property off Monticello Avenue. Work on the new business school, which will be constructed near Jamestown Road and Campus Drive on what is now the Common Glory parking lot, will begin this spring. Both facilities are scheduled to be opened in the fall of 2009 and will allow the respective schools to consolidate all their programs, classes and office space under one roof.

Currently, the two schools are spread out over the campus in various buildings. For example, more than half of the School of Education classes are now taught in buildings other than the school's cramped quarters in Jones Hall. The business school is scattered between Tyler and Blow halls. Both schools are forced to lease space off campus for offices or meetings.

"We are excited about this facility," said Larry Pulley, dean of the business school. "It will be a magnificent structure, and more important, it will serve our future needs."

The 160,000-square-foot business school building will cost \$75 million, \$50 million of which will come from private funds raised by the Business School Foundation. The external design of the building will represent Georgian architecture that will allow the facility to provide a seamless link with the buildings of the historic campus as well as those opened this year.

Plans for the three-story building included 25 different configurations of the



Architect's rendering of planned Alan B. Miller Hall, future home of the Mason School of Business. The view is from Campus Drive.

facility to ensure it blended with the campus and surrounding areas. Officials also want to make sure it has the least possible impact on the surrounding woods, Martin said. The building will be state-of-the-art and provide much needed multipurpose space that will be used by the entire campus. It is being designed to achieve LEED certification, a designation for projects that meet certain environmentally friendly guidelines, she said.

"This is a building that will be here for 100 years," said Martin, adding the College is planning to hold meetings with community members to discuss the project and its impact on the area. "It is very important for us that this building look appropriate in its settings. That's important for us because this will be a signature building on campus."

Plans are also under way for relocating the School of Education to the recently vacated hospital site. The College

has signed the purchase contract for the property and will take ownership next month. As part of an extensive due-diligence process in acquiring the hospital property, William and Mary is now reviewing a series of studies that examined the best options for relocating the School of Education to the site.

The studies, Martin said, indicate the cost of building a new state-of-the-art facility specifically for the School of Education on that site would be about the same as renovating the existing structure on the site.

The first series of studies was conducted by Clark Nexsen in 2005. Earlier this year, the College asked another firm, the Smith Group, to verify those findings and make a recommendation. The studies estimate that the cost for new construction or renovation of the existing facility both would be in the mid-\$40 million range. Martin said the College still is reviewing

its options. No decision has been made.

"The studies agree that this is an excellent location for the School of Education," said Martin, adding "the cost to renovate the building is equal to the cost of a new building."

Virginia McLaughlin, dean of the School of Education, said reaction has been positive since the College announced the results of the studies. The most important factor for the community, officials said, is that the hospital site be used and not left vacant. The new education school, with its 850 students and more than 90 faculty and staff members, will provide an economic boost to surrounding areas and will serve as a linchpin that connects the College to New Town and the soon-to-be constructed High Street developments.

"I have been affirmed by the level of support from the community," McLaughlin said.

According to the studies, a building designed specifically for the School of Education would have approximately 109,000 square feet of space. Fitting the school into the existing structure would require 129,000 square feet but leave several areas of unusable space (the current structure encompasses 217,000 square feet) that would still have to be heated and cooled and significantly add to the cost of operating and maintaining the building.

The College will submit its options to the state by Nov. 1, 2006. College officials added that purchasing the hospital property for \$8.7 million was a tremendous bargain for the state and a tremendous opportunity for the College. In the meantime, the College plans to use the 476 parking spaces at the hospital site by the beginning of next semester.

"This is an exceptional opportunity for the university and the state," said Stewart Gamage, vice president for public affairs. "There's no doubt about that."

by Brian Whitson

Kaine appoints Banks to College's BOV

*Capps, Gore and Matthews
reappointed for second terms*

Continued from front.

ary William and Mary alumnus in 2005, fills the seat of former U.S. Secretary of State Lawrence S. Eagleburger, who earlier this year completed his second term on the Board. Susan Aheron Magill ('72) concluded her nine years of service on the board, including three years as rector.

"With his deep roots in the community and vast experience in the business world, Charlie Banks will be a tremendous benefit to the College," said Gene R. Nichol, president of the College. "We're also very pleased that Suzann Matthews, Sally Gore and Tom Capps will continue their good work on the board. We welcome their continued commitment and also want to thank two of their literally irreplaceable colleagues: former Secretary Eagleburger, who gave generously of himself during two terms on the board, and Susan Magill, whose service as rector is nearly unparalleled in our College's history."

Banks retired from Wolseley in July 2006. Before being appointed group CEO in 2001, he had worked for 34 years at Ferguson Enterprises, where he served as president from 1989 until 2001. He was first appointed to the board of London-based Wolseley, which is Ferguson's parent company, in 1992. Banks is also a member of the board of directors of Bunzl, a worldwide distribution company, and of TowneBank Peninsula (formerly Harbor Bank), which is headquartered in Virginia.

Banks, long a friend both of the Mason School of Business and William and Mary athletics, already has had strong connections to the College. In 1989, he was elected to the William and Mary Mason Business School Foundation Board, where he served as chairman from 1992 until 2001. During his time on the board, Banks took an active leadership role that included presiding over a comprehensive strategic-planning process in 1989. Banks still serves as a special adviser to the business school's foundation.

Capps retired as president and chief executive officer of the energy giant Dominion Resources, Inc., in 2005 and currently serves as chairman of its board of directors. At William and Mary, he serves as chair of the committee on audit and is a member of the committee on financial affairs.

Matthews, in addition to currently serving as secretary of the Board of Visitors, chair of the committee on student affairs and a member of the executive committee and committee on financial affairs. She also serves as a member of the board of directors

of the Wolf Trap Foundation for the Performing Arts and the William and Mary National Campaign Steering Committee.

Gore served most recently as global leader of the human resources group at W.L. Gore & Associates, a high-tech manufacturing company with nearly 45 plants worldwide. In 1998, she received the Alumni Medallion. She is a member of the board's committees on academic affairs, audit and buildings and grounds, and she also serves on the Campaign for William and Mary's steering committee.

by Brian Whitson

Banks awarded medallion by Mason business school

The faculty of the Mason School of Business at the College has awarded Charles A. Banks the 2006 T.C. and Elizabeth Clarke Medallion in recognition of his extraordinary career of nearly 40 years with Ferguson Enterprises and its parent, Wolseley PLC.

Established in 1975, the Clarke medallion recognizes an individual whose distinguished career in management represents the highest standards of professionalism and integrity. The medallion is bestowed upon exceptional individuals who epitomize the leadership, ethics and acumen the Mason School seeks to instill in its students. It is the highest honor bestowed by the faculty of the business school.

Todd Mooradian, associate professor of business and chairman of business school's faculty affairs committee, presented the medallion to Banks at a ceremony on Sept. 7. An appreciation dinner followed at the Wren Building.

From 1989 to May 2001, Banks served on the School of Business Sponsors, Inc., board, now known as the William and Mary Business School Foundation Board and, from 1992 until 2001, he served as chairman. His service on the board spanned some of the most challenging years for public colleges in Virginia due to declining state support. Under his leadership, the board implemented three key initiatives: creating more effective financial reporting controls, generating increasing investment in alumni and student services and, in 1998, developing a comprehensive Vision Action Plan, which defined the Mason School's needs as a basis for its role in the current fund-raising campaign.

VIMS and NOAA address 'ghost' crab pots in the Chesapeake

The Virginia Institute of Marine Science (VIMS) of the College was selected in August by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) to administer a project to remove derelict, or "ghost," crab pots in the Chesapeake Bay.

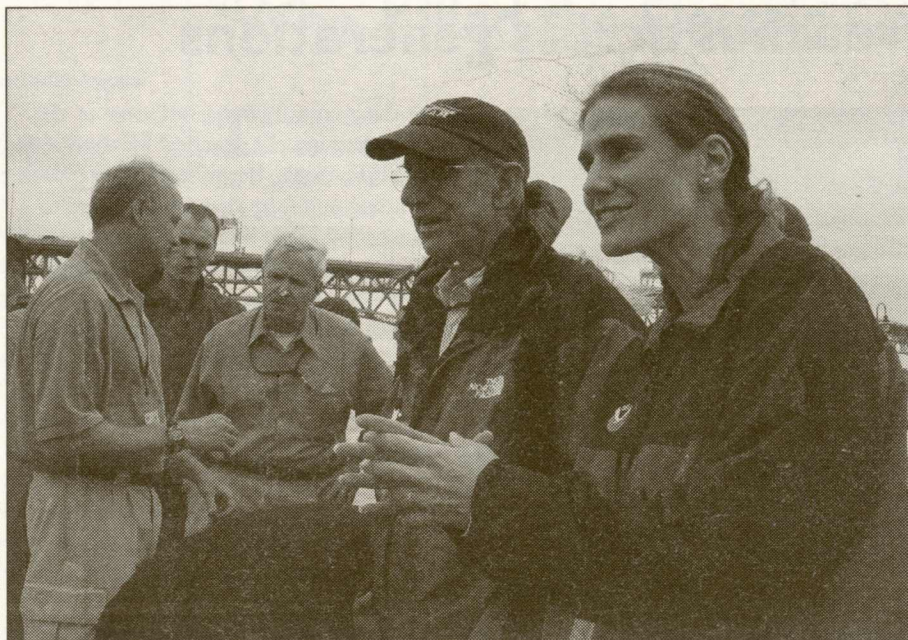
"We would like to embrace the bay as one of the important centerpieces of the work we do," said P. Geoffrey Feiss, provost at the College. "We can't separate the human from the natural. This program will move that objective forward."

NOAA has funded the project to identify, assess, track and recover the crab pots and other marine debris in the Chesapeake Bay through its Marine Debris Program. VIMS will work on the project, Identification, Mapping and Assessment of Derelict Fishing Gear in the Chesapeake Bay, in conjunction with NOAA's Chesapeake Bay office.

"NOAA is proud to be involved in projects like this one that work to develop solutions to reduce the impact that marine debris has on our resources and environment," said retired Brig. Gen. Jack Kelly, NOAA deputy undersecretary for oceans and atmosphere.

Data gathered by VIMS and NOAA's Chesapeake Bay office since last November in a pilot study suggest that ghost pots identified in the surveyed area of the York River trap 100,000 crabs per year.

"It's clear from recent studies at VIMS that lost crab pots can affect the commercial and recreational fishery in the Chesapeake Bay," said John Wells, dean and director at VIMS. "By sharing



Geoff Feiss (c) and Holly Bamford (r), program director for NOAA's Center for Coastal Resources Management, discuss VIMS work in the Chesapeake Bay.

resources and data, VIMS and its state and federal partners will be able to implement practical solutions to this and other environmental problems."

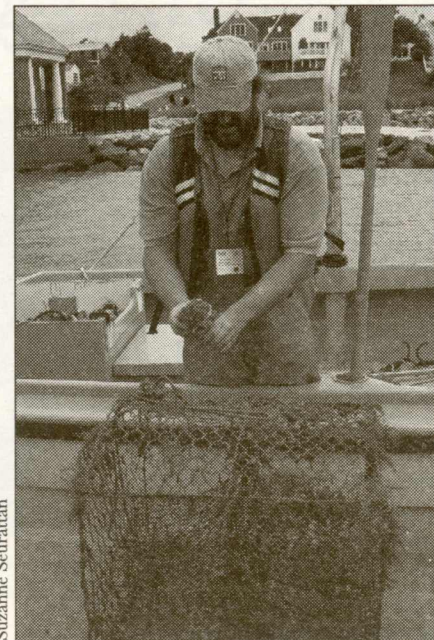
Ghost crab pots are a persistent problem in the bay. Lost during storms or accidentally cut loose from their buoys, the pots continue to catch crabs and other important living bay resources without ever being retrieved; that has a detrimental environmental impact on the bay.

The pilot studies revealed that as many as 30 derelict pots per kilometer currently can be found in the York River

in Virginia and 120 pots per kilometer can be found in the South River in Maryland. Researchers used side-scan sonar technology to map the location of the ghost crab pots on the riverbeds.

The new study will expand current data by sampling additional areas, investigating how the pots "self-bait," looking at the long-term efficiency of the pots and developing a baywide removal plan.

"We hope through this collaborative effort that William and Mary and VIMS can help NOAA and the state rescue this critical resource," added Feiss.



VIMS research specialist Kory Angstadt holds a toadfish from a recovered pot.

Through the project, VIMS and NOAA scientists also hope to assist in the creation of an improved management plan and policy for the stock of blue crabs in the Chesapeake Bay while reducing economic hardship for working watermen and fishers and engaging them in bay restoration.

NOAA was created in 1807 as the United States Coast Survey by William and Mary alumnus Thomas Jefferson. Next year, it will celebrate 200 years of science and service to the nation.

by Suzanne Seurattan

Nichol announces initiative to back faculty and student research

A two-pronged initiative to facilitate and enhance research at William and Mary was announced on Sept. 13 to members of the faculty by College President Gene R. Nichol.

Nichol said a new fully funded faculty research-leave program will provide for a scheduled semester for scientific or scholarly pursuits, while the creation of a Faculty-Student Research Fund will support a broad array of research-oriented initiatives ranging from graduate students' stipends to seed money for a research center. Both initiatives will be put in place over the next five years, he said, with the Faculty-Student Research Fund to be backed by an endowment of at least \$25 million.

The president said that his announcement was the first part of the administration's answer to a call for "a much more potent, systematic, generous, flexible and dependable regime of institutional support for the research of our faculty and students."

"When I came to Williamsburg a little over a year ago," Nichol told the faculty gathered in Ewell Recital Hall, "I feared that we were providing inadequate assistance for the scholarly work which is both expected and celebrated within our halls. Nothing in the past 14 months has convinced me that I was wrong in that initial assessment."

While details on the Faculty-Student Research Fund and the new faculty leave program, called the Scheduled Semester Research Leave program (SSRL), are still being developed, Dennis Manos, vice provost for

research, gave a rough sketch of how he envisions the initiatives would work in an interview last week.

Under the SSRL, Manos said, the degree of research activity of each individual faculty will be assessed by peers in each department and school.

'We want to permit those faculty who are research-active to do their research at the highest level possible.'

—Dennis Manos

Faculty found to be actively engaging in research will be designated as being eligible for research leave. Leave periods of one or two semesters for each faculty member will come up most likely every seventh year, Manos added.

"The administration recognizes that research is an integral part of university life by actually assigning faculty to that aspect full time for one or two semesters," Manos explained. He said that faculty members on research leave are being advised not to teach, not to do service, but to concentrate only on research and to become completely absorbed in it. As faculty return to their regular rotation, he added, they will bring fresh perspectives to the classrooms and increased vigor and productivity to their continuing research.

Manos pointed out the advantages

of the new scheduled research program. For one, he said, faculty will have several years to prepare for research leave, time enough to make arrangements for a temporary location overseas or on another campus. William and Mary faculty on a year's research leave, he added, are paid 80 percent of their salary, often augmented by money from outside grants.

"That, incidentally, is an extremely generous benefit that few other institutions can match," Manos said. "At most schools if you go away for a year, you get 50 percent salary. We offer 100 percent for one semester and 80 percent for two semesters. This is unusually generous on the surface of it, but it contains our agenda. We want to permit those faculty who are research-active to do their research at the highest level possible." Another benefit, he said, is that advance scheduling should mean less scrambling by department chairs and deans to cover teaching assignments for necessary courses while faculty are on research leave.

The \$25 million anticipated total of the Faculty-Student Research Fund, which President Nichol said "will allow us to be agile, flexible, strategic and, frankly, more generous in sustaining research opportunities for both faculty and students across a broad array of venues." The fund will be made up of annual gift, foundation and endowed support, he said. Depending on prevailing payout rates, such a fund balance could generate around \$1 million to invest each year, Manos estimated.

Manos said the Faculty-Student

Research Fund would represent a resource for funding research opportunities, supporting faculty and student participation at conferences and workshops and developing new areas of inquiry.

"We hear a lot of stories about faculty or students working to find five or 10 sources of \$50 here and \$100 there in order to get funds for conference travel," Manos said. "That's not a good use of their time."

The Faculty-Student Research Fund also will provide needed matching funds for foundation grants, infrastructure development and upkeep, and seed capital for new centers of inquiry to keep the College competitive among its research peers, he said. Manos cited the William and Mary Research Institute, Omohundro Institute, Center for Gifted Education and other projects as examples of opportunities for strengthening the College's externally fundable work. Such faculty initiatives likely would be funded on a competitive basis; proposals would be evaluated by a group such as the Faculty Research Committee.

"We are confident that cutting-edge research can be carried forward in a scholarly community that places the teaching of highly motivated students at the center of its professional life," Nichol said in concluding his remarks to the faculty. "I have no doubt that it will require the dedication of considerably more economic resources. I will make the achievement of these funding goals a consistent priority of my work."

by Joe McClain

President's service award winners

Berquist's service reaches across generations

Karen Berquist spends a lot of time serving her community. She says it is important for her to integrate the elements in her life that she likes with the things she feels are important. For Berquist, this commitment to service is a way of life—one, she says, that was instilled by her mother. "Mother was always helping out the neighbors," Berquist said, "and she taught us to help out too."

When Berquist came to the College in 1979, she brought that sense of community with her.

Initially, she was on campus as a student. After receiving her bachelor's degree in 1983, she went on to join the staff of Swem Library as a science librarian, a post she continues to enjoy.

Recently, her service on campus and in the Williamsburg community was recognized with the President's Award for Service to the Community.

"Karen's unique public service is one part surpassing commitment to others and one part broad interest," said Gene R. Nichol, president of the College, during the presentation of the award. "Our students ... appreciate that Karen's service, which reaches across generations, nationalities, races and classes, is in the best traditions of the College."

Berquist said she was pleased and surprised by the recognition. "It was so exciting to be a part of Convocation in that way," she said.

Each year the College's president presents an award to one student and one faculty or staff member who have demonstrated a sustained commitment to



Suzanne Seurattan

Karen Berquist

service. Individuals chosen have made a significant and measurable impact on the community.

"We're all in this community; it's important to me to make the campus part of that community," Berquist said.

Berquist was recognized for her work with FISH, a nonprofit agency that provides food and clothing to the poor. When she came to Williamsburg in the late 1970s, FISH was a new group. Berquist began volunteering immediately and helped to get the group organized. During the 25 years since, she has served FISH in almost every capacity from pantry stocking to fund raising. One of her biggest contributions has been to the organization's annual costume sale. Early in her time at William and Mary, Berquist recognized that the campus community could help FISH with a problem and came up with the sale as a way to recycle an unusable resource for FISH.

The agency receives countless

clothing contributions, but some of the donations are not practical for distribution to FISH clients. Berquist saw that period clothing and formal wear were hard to place. Still FISH had to store the items. Correspondingly, on campus, Berquist realized that the formal wear items could be appropriated for student dances and for the numerous performing groups. Some of the more unusual pieces, she thought, could be of use as costumes, not only for Halloween events but also for College stage productions. Thus, the idea for the annual costume sale was born.

"You can find it all at the costume sale," she noted, "everything from hula skirts to tuxedos."

Though the costume sale was her brainchild, Berquist is quick to credit others with the success of the project. She says that student organizations provide countless volunteers every year—Catholic Campus Ministry in particular. Her family, too, she said, is immensely supportive, as are members of the local community, who pitch in by transporting clothing to and from campus.

"Students often want to get involved with the community," Berquist noted. The costume sale seems to be a perfect fit, and the endeavor has proven to be extremely successful. The event is one of FISH's biggest fund raisers. "[Proceeds from the sale] cover a couple months of rent for them," Berquist said.

In the way her mother planted the seeds of philanthropy in her, Berquist's commitment to service has worn off on others, too. Last spring, students who had

worked with her on the costume sale the previous fall took the idea and "re-applied it with a twist," she said. The group collected clothing that students no longer wanted or did not want to pack and take home, and then sold it to raise money for a service project. Berquist said she finds it all very rewarding and noted that is what you want people to do—take an idea and find other ways to help.

Berquist also finds other ways to help out. As a librarian at Swem she often has contact with both foreign students and faculty. In getting to know them, she discovered that because of language barriers they often lacked social outlets—especially spouses of visiting faculty. To help fill that void, she came up with the idea of the "Well Read" book club. Started last year, the group meets once a month during the school year and has been well received. Participants read popular but diverse essays and short stories from various countries.

Also a contra dancer, Berquist has used her love for the dance to help student groups on campus raise money for various causes. She generally participates in about four campus fund-raising events a year.

Through all of her contributions, she remains inspired by those around her, she said, especially her colleagues. "It's very humbling to know the students, faculty and staff members here," Berquist said. "I work with women of extraordinary service and of the highest professional demeanor. They support the people they work with. It's an amazing environment."

by Suzanne Seurattan

Foster cited as a William and Mary heroine

William and Mary students are traditionally very busy, though few probably lead lives as hectic as that of senior Jessica "Efe" Foster.

"I'm sitting here on two hours of sleep answering questions about this," said Foster when contacted for this interview.

Foster, who is majoring in Hispanic studies and kinesiology, has been an integral part of the service scene at William and Mary since her freshman year. At this year's convocation, she was named the student recipient of the President's Award for Service to the Community. The award, given annually to one student and one faculty or staff member, recognizes great achievement in service and volunteering and donates \$500 to the charity of the recipient's choice. This year, Foster donated her award money to Avalon, a center for women and children.

Foster entered the College as a Sharpe Community Scholar and has served as a Sharpe Fellow, community service leader, member of Service Leaders Corps, English-as-a-second-language tutor both in Williamsburg and abroad and a Mellon Fellow. In the spring of 2005, Foster received the Spirit of Service Award, presented by the College.

"More or less anywhere there is service to be done, Efe can be found," said senior Caitlin Tuffin, a member of Foster's Sharpe Fellow group. It was through Foster that Tuffin became more involved with service and even coordinated trips to work with Hispanic communities on the Eastern Shore.



Brian Whitson

Jessica Foster

"She's a genuine heroine," said Jonathan Arries, associate professor of modern languages and literatures, in his nomination letter. Foster credited Arries as being the catalyst for her involvement at William and Mary. It was through the freshman seminar that Arries conducted that Foster was inspired to work with Latino communities around the world. With his help, she participated in a summer service-learning project in 2004 that involved working with doctors in Latino clinics in Honduras and in Virginia Beach.

"Before going [on the medical interpretation trip], I felt that I was not prepared for what I was getting involved in; however, when I was the only one in the room who understood both the doctor and the patient, I realized that it's not the extent of your abilities that matter, but rather the heart that you have while serving," said Foster about the experience.

While a great deal of her work has focused on outreach to Hispanic communities, Foster also makes a point of

working on activities to help increase awareness about service on campus. One of the initiatives Foster is most proud of is the Community Scholars House, which she saw as a way to generate a sense of community among upperclassmen who were interested in volunteering.

"I was discussing with Drew Steljes [coordinator for the office of student volunteer services (OSVS)], how I was disappointed my sophomore year because there were no opportunities on campus for upperclassmen to participate in organized service-learning. I decided ... to design something that would serve as an upperclassmen equivalent to the Sharpe program. Within months we had the funding and means to start and run the Community Scholars House. The special-interest housing is now in its second year, and we have had two years of amazing students," said Foster about this initiative. The house has been located in Pleasants Hall for the past two years.

Since her sophomore year, Foster has been a community service leader with OSVS; this year she is an undergraduate intern in the office. Her responsibilities in this position have varied over the years, and through it, she has done everything from sharing organizational efforts for Project Relief to planning an annual holiday party for other community service leaders. She has spent most of her breaks from the College on service trips around the country—last winter and spring she coordinated trips to help to clean up the Gulf Coast after Hurricane Katrina. This

summer she was one of the first students to work with Phoenix Project, a new nonprofit effort helping to forge a partnership between William and Mary and the city of Petersburg, Va.

One of Foster's greatest qualities, according to her peers, is her ability to inspire others. "By doing projects with Efe, I was able to discover my own love of service. She is constantly full of ideas about how to make this world a better place. These ideas are not merely ideological, they are things that can be and are being done. She has shown me you can make a difference," said Tuffin.

Foster also does other volunteer work on campus. Since her junior year she has served as an orientation aide and freshmen mentor. She is a member of Phi Mu social sorority and was elected the new-member educator for the group last year. Foster is also active in a number of religious organizations on campus; she cites her religious beliefs as her prime internal motivator for serving others.

Despite her busy schedule, Foster balances her external commitments with her personal life—she takes an hour each Monday and Friday to have lunch with hall mates from her freshman year.

Foster is uncertain as to what she will do after she graduates next spring. She certainly wants to stay involved with service to others and will probably end up in a Latin American country doing work with a nongovernmental organization or with the Peace Corps.

by Jennifer Sykes ('07)

Detainment of terrorists is Supreme Court Preview topic

Continued from front.

tion, and just last week Congress began to consider legislation in response to the Court's ruling.

The executive branch really overstepped its bounds in the case, said Katyal, noting it consistently took the most extreme positions possible.

Not all of the panelists agreed. A former Justice Department official in the Bush administration, John Yoo, noted the irony that had the administration made a request for expanded authority in the weeks following the 9/11 attacks, it likely would have been granted.

Katyal and Yoo, the latter a professor of law at the University of California at Berkeley, discussed the case along with fellow panelists, attorney Walter Dellinger and veteran Supreme Court journalist Lyle Denniston, who is a correspondent for SCOTUSblog, and Washington Post writer Charles Lane, who also served as moderator.

"The cost of government decisions should be lower, not higher, in wartime," Yoo added.

Other panelists noted they feared the administration was trying, with its use of the concept of the military tribunal, to push aside a part of the justice system that is inherently American and a linchpin in the foundation of our democracy.

Katyal noted the military tribunal system the administration is trying to set up is a "beat-up Chevy" version of justice and said that someone gets the "Cadillac" version only if he is an American. Dellinger, a former solicitor general for the 1997-97 term of the Supreme Court, said the case was the most important ruling on executive power, ever.

"So many issues arise [about the case], we often overlook the core issue—the assertion [by the government] that the president has the authority to violate an act of Congress," he said.

Prior to the Preview, Katyal addressed a public audience on campus about the *Hamdan* case. In that lecture he noted his support for a strong presidency and the powers granted to the office by the Constitution, but he also noted that the Constitution granted the judicial and legislative branches of government authority as well. "The separation of powers was a basic Founders' idea," he said. "The problem with Guantanamo is [President Bush] fused all those powers into his personal fiat."

While the panelists did not agree on how the issue would be resolved, they did concur that it would be resolved. "At least in our messy democratic way, we are going to look at these questions and come up with some kind of durable system," concluded Lane.

During the two-day event the legal experts not only reviewed Court decisions from the last term, they also looked at what could be on the Supreme Court's docket when the new term begins in October.

In addition to the panel discussion on the war on terror, the Preview's first day also featured a moot court on the federal Partial Birth Abortion Ban Act of 2003 and a panel on the "Roberts Court."

Joan Biskupic, who has covered the Supreme Court since 1989 for papers including the Washington Post and currently USA Today, served as "chief justice" for the moot court arguments. Supreme Court advocates, Erwin Chemerinsky, a law professor at Duke University Law School, and Jay Sekulow, chief counsel for the American Center for Law and Justice, argued the case.

Other "justices" included journalists Linda Greenhouse of the New York Times and Dahlia Lithwick of Slate magazine, as well as attorneys Beth Brinkmann and Paul Smith and law professors Randy Barnett of Georgetown University, Amy Wax of the University of Pennsylvania and Steve Wermiel of American University, as well as Yoo. In their "decision," the court affirmed the lower ruling to throw out the Partial Birth Abortion Ban Act by an 8-to-1 ruling.

The "Roberts Court" panel discussed the chief justice's first term and the areas of law where the Court might make some movement in the coming years. The group speculated that cases could be heard on Title IX, intellectual property, the war on terror and on issues related to religion. The panel concurred that the legacy of the "Roberts Court" is hard to predict at this early date.

"The real test of the young 'Roberts Court' is this [coming] term when they have taken on a couple of cases—that will tell us what [Roberts'] institutional posture is," said Greenhouse.

The Preview's second day featured panels on business law, criminal procedure, election law, civil rights and a discussion on Supreme Court advocacy.

by Suzanne Seurattan

'Who Killed the Electric Car?' debated

During the early 1990s, in response to a California mandate, General Motors (GM) produced a viable electric vehicle (EV1) that met the requirements of the state's zero-emissions policy mandate. As soon as the mandate was withdrawn, GM killed the vehicle.

The documentary film "Who Killed the Electric Car?" that recently was screened by the Mason School of Business to a full house at the Kimball Theatre seeks to cast blame for the decision that left Americans with no alternative to automobiles that operate on petroleum-based products. The film points an accusatory finger toward an auto service industry that stood to lose billions if electric cars were successful, toward oil companies concerned that their monopoly on fuel would be threatened and toward politicians in California who ultimately sided with corporate interests in removing the zero-emissions mandate. In the end, the filmmakers suggested that these and others, including U.S. consumers, were complicit in the vehicle's demise.

After the screening, a panel of faculty experts considered both the style and the substance of the film. Generally, they found the documentary's artistic devices, such as a mock funeral on behalf of the cars by former leaseholders and the assembly of a virtual posse of EV1 enthusiasts to track vehicles until they were committed to huge crushing machines, entertaining. The film, however, left many pertinent questions unanswered, they agreed.

James Bradley, associate professor of business and a former GM executive, suggested that corporate mistrust between Saturn, the manufacturer of the EV1, and other divisions within GM may have worked against the vehicle. Officers of the other divisions might have felt threatened by the success that Saturn could have enjoyed, he suggested. In addition, he pointed out that GM does not make money on small vehicles, so producing a successful electric car could, in fact, have worked against the company's interests.

Robert Hicks, associate professor of economics, suggested that the film misled its audience insofar as it suggested that electric vehicles had no negative impact on the environment. There is a cost to producing electricity, he said. He felt the film did a good job of pointing out the tension between the marketplace and government regulations. However, the EV1, at the time it was being produced, might not have been as attractive to consumers as the film had indicated because of the relatively cheap access to gasoline in the United States, he said.

Among the other panelists, Tonya Boone, associate professor of business, said the EV1, as portrayed in the documentary, seemed to "harness the passion of consumers." Certainly the leaseholders who were featured were "almost proselytizing once they learned about the fate of their cars," she said. She also was struck by the fact that the viability of the car was tied to improvements in battery design initiated at the "grassroots" level. Todd Mooradian, associate professor of business, agreed with the premise of the filmmakers that GM was not acting in its own best interests by pulling the car from the market. If it had been, it would have continued to develop the technology that placed it in a leadership role in the area of vehicles that did not



David Williard

William Geary believes the film raised instructional questions.

require gasoline. Mooradian, however, suggested that lack of consumer demand, despite the film's assertion that the vehicle had long waiting lists of buyers, may have played a key part in the EV1's demise. "At some point, you can blame consumers for their failure to act collectively to get the govern-

ment to act in their interests," he said. For his part, Ronald Sims, the Floyd Dewey Gottald Sr. Professor of Business, said everyone was to blame. "I believe it was a conspiracy," he told the audience.

After the event, several panelists extended their comments concerning the discussion raised by the film, including whether or not the car was killed via a conspiracy. Bradley reasoned against that premise. "I don't know, myself, the proper definition of a conspiracy, but I don't think that all of the parties coordinated to kill this thing," he said. "I think each party was acting on what it thought was its own myopic interest."

He continued, "The twist here, at least for GM, is that maybe their response in their decision framework seemed rational." As a professor who teaches about operations management, he hoped his comments helped audience members realize that "things don't always happen rationally within corporations. Organizations are sometimes—maybe often—dysfunctional and behave in ways you might not expect," he said.

Hicks said that the film encouraged viewers to think about the interface between regulation and business. "My advice was that it may not be best to kind of let the government pick and choose which kind of technology is going to rule the day two, three or five

years from now," he said. The California mandate that manufacturers produce 10 percent of their vehicles with zero-exhaust emissions by a fixed date was arbitrary, he suggested. "I question whether people would be willing to have a new family car that could go maybe four hours on a charge but then they would have to stop and charge it for hours. It's really not in the consumers' interest to purchase that car," he said.

Sims maintained his assertion that a conspiracy killed the vehicle. "How can there not be a conspiracy? I mean, how did the stars line up unless people in powerful positions get together and make these decisions?" he asked. "Heck, they don't even need to get in the same room. The oil companies, the auto makers and certain government officials share common interests."

Sims added that consumers also contributed to the death of the vehicle. "It's kind of like we all conspire if we don't take a stand, if we don't hold industries or government accountable. The conspiracy is to keep us dependent on oil. The big boys and girls making money in oil are not going to give it up without a fight."

William Geary, assistant dean in the business school, praised all those involved for extending the dialogue. "The event was focused on the 180 students who were just admitted to the business school," he said. "They had a chance to look at the documentary from the point of view of ethics, sustainability, change management—there were many aspects." Although he agreed that the film was stronger on circumstantial arguments than on factual arguments, it provided these students with "food for thought," he said.

by David Williard



David Williard

Ron Sims shows off a shirt from the business school.

Campus remembers the losses of 9/11

Continued from front. they left the audience with an acute sense of what had been lost.

Again, it was Clemens who best summed up the magnitude of the loss when he said, "Among all their other crimes, the twisted men who caused 9/11 were also thieves. They had stolen light from the lives of several hundred thousand people who had loved their victims very much." If there is solace to be found in the deaths, Clemens continued, it is in the hope that the "love, friendship, loyalty, enthusiasm, humor, integrity, spontaneity, selflessness, courage and open-mindedness" they embodied "would ultimately prevail over the calculating hate that killed them."

The College's September 11 memorial ceremony was a campus-wide event organized by two seniors, Scott Brown and Michael Reed, who are serving as fellows for the Foundation for the Defense of Democracy this year (see the related story on page 7). Participants included the Muslim Students Association, the Middle Eastern Cultural Association (MECA) and Campus Ministries United, along with the Student Assembly and both the Republican and Democratic organizations on campus.

The ceremony opened with a presentation of colors by the College's Queen's Guard followed by a rendition of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the William and Mary Choir and a recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance led by members of the Student Assembly. Interfaith prayers and remarks were then offered and were followed by statements from senior Nadim Bawalsa, president of the MECA, Sam Sadler, vice president for student affairs, and junior Christine Daya, representing the College's International Relations Club. Statements by Gene Nichol, president of the College, helped to close the event. As they left, many signed "We Remember" banners, which will be sent to memorial sites in New York City, at the Pentagon and in Shanksville, Pa.

Throughout the ceremony, speakers reiterated the importance of remembering the terrorist attacks of



A flag and campus banner were among the reminders that the terrorist acts of 2001 still affected the community.

September 11, 2001. They urged listeners to work toward peace through engagement with and understanding of peoples of faiths and cultures that differ from their own. Several pointed toward education as a key to a more stable world. Often, the College's own commitment to diversity was referenced as speakers drew upon cross-cultural insights from classes and from classmates on campus. Daya, an international-relations major at the College, who spoke of a perceived deterioration in communication and agreement among global powers during the five years since the 9/11 attacks, said that her classmates could help to reverse that trend.

"The future of international relations relies upon our generation," she said. "We must apply our knowledge and experiences abroad to enhance the conditions of the global community by showing the rest of the world that we want to engage in dialogue with them. It is the key to securing

our safety and to preventing further atrocities on American soil that target innocent civilians."

The importance of remembering was underscored by Sadler, who urged those gathered to "forgive" but not "forget." He said, "As we stand here together in remembrance of 9/11, let our voices ring strong and true and clear with determination to take what we learn and share here about community and about its ability to transcend difference, and what we experience through service, with all of its potential to alleviate suffering and injustice, out into a world still badly in need of the power of our example. In honor of those we remember tonight, let this be our memorial."

For the community, the memorial event was sobering even as it was uplifting. Afterward, several people commented upon how important it was to find that their own unresolved

feelings were shared by others. Many had listened to the ringing of the Wren bells at the time the hijacked jetliners made their impacts. Senior Kristen Simonsen commented, "The helicopter flyby during that weird 10 minutes was rather off-putting—sort of a reminder of how increased security has become." She added, "What moved me most was Professor Clemens talking about the students he knew. I didn't even know those guys and I was tearing up a little."

Student Assembly senators Zach Pilchen, a sophomore, and Will Coggin, a senior, who helped to lead the Pledge of Allegiance believed the entire event was appropriate. "With all the political parties scrambling for moral high ground after 9/11," Pilchen said, "it was nice to have an apolitical day of peace where we could all just pay the victims our respect." Coggin said, "Saying the pledge made me feel like one among other Americans—united—like the

Alumni victims

Alysia Christine Burton
Basmajian ('00)

James Lee "Jimmy"
Connor II ('85)

Michael Hardy Edwards
('90)

Mark Gavin "Lud"
Ludvigsen ('91)

Christopher William
Murphy (MBA '98)

James Brian Reilly ('98)

Gregory J. Trost ('97)

feelings I had after 9/11."

Fanchon Glover, who had read "Carry On!" by Canadian poet Robert Service during the ceremony, observed a broad range of emotions after the event. "Everyone was somewhat somber," she said. "They were returning their candles or embracing one another as they walked back through the luminarias. It was an uplifting but sobering thing. It was good to have some of the humorous stories about the alums—it was good to have that. That means a lot to hear the words about people who were part of our community."

Glover continued, "I think it was a great way for our campus community to come together and remember our alums who were lost that day but also to reflect on how we, as a campus community, move on. I think we can't forget what has happened. But, even if it's only one day at a time, we have to move on."

by David Williard

Brown and Reed study terrorism on the front lines

When seniors Scott Brown and Michael Reed signed fellowships to study terrorism with the Foundation for Defense of Democracies (FDD) this year, they had no idea they would spend their two weeks in Israel during the height of that country's summer conflict with Hezbollah.

Although the war caused some FDD fellows to stay home and restricted some opportunities that the program had promised, Brown and Reed found that it brought into sharp relief the complications involved in a global war on terrorism. By the time the cease-fire had been imposed, each senior believed that Hezbollah, and by extension Iran, had won. Israel and the United States were the losers.

"Hezbollah has been strengthened following the war; there is no doubt," Brown explained. "Now there is a cease-fire. Hezbollah has not been disarmed; they are seen as the only Arab organization that has successfully stood up to Israel."

That perception, he fears,

will fuel greater militant support of Hezbollah in the Arab world and embolden what he calls "similar terrorist organizations."

The William and Mary students contend that the war, in essence, was a proxy war between Iran and the United States. "America is supplying Israel with weapons; Iran is supplying Hezbollah with weapons," Brown said bluntly. "Some people think this is Israel's problem. What you have to understand is that in Iran they call Israel the 'little Satan' and they call the United States 'the great Satan.' The cease-fire may end the war, but it doesn't address any long-term issues. Iran is still laughing at the world, and Hezbollah, I'm sure, is making plans for the next attack."

Reed concurred. He said he believes the provocative ambush and kidnapping of Israeli Defense Force (IDF) soldiers by Hezbollah was strategically timed. "It was Iran's way of keeping the world focused on Lebanon while it pushes forward its own nuclear ambitions," Reed said. "It was Iran's way of wagging the dog to keep the international community focused away from its own nuclear ambitions."

Reed and Brown had different reasons for enrolling in the FDD's yearlong program. Reed's scholarly interest began while he was a freshman in high school, several years before the events of Sept. 11, 2001, exposed the nation's vulnerability to terrorism. The continued threat warrants making a professional career combating it, Reed said. Brown, an American Jew, was motivated, in part, by his religious faith and identity with his "own people" in Israel. Both said they believe the battle against terrorism will be a drawn-out affair and that ultimately the war will be won.

As FDD fellows, the students give no quarter to groups such as Hezbollah, which they label, along with Hamas, Al Qaeda and other extreme Islamist political organizations, enemies of "freedom-loving" democracies. Brown and Reed each are quick to recite the FDD precepts: Terrorism is never justified, one man's terrorist is never another man's freedom fighter and democracies inherently are allowed to defend themselves against terrorism. Reed makes the case against Hezbollah directly: "A terrorist organization uses violence deliberately against citizens or noncombatants to achieve a political goal," he explained. "As we saw, Hezbollah deliberately targeted Israeli citizens."

War, such as that waged by Israel against Hezbollah or by the United States against its perceived terrorist enemies, is one weapon that can be employed in what, for Israel at least, Brown calls "a battle to the death." Other weapons the Israelis have used include assassinations and targeted force. The students praised the Israeli commitment to its internal security network and to its human-intelligence network, including an extensive cadre of informants and undercover security officers. However, an essential element is the will of the populace to resist the terrorist "victories"—to live in defiance—the students said.

"The overall objective of terrorists is to inflict fear and panic," Brown said. "When that happens, social services break down. What we saw in Tel Aviv were people who did live under the threat of suicide attack every day; still, they went to bars, they went to nightclubs, they went out shopping. They went about their daily lives; they refused to give in. They will not let the terrorists have a psychological victory over them."

Throughout engagements, it also is vital that nations engaged in

combating terrorists operate aboveboard, Reed said. "You cannot hope to defeat terrorism and the ideology that backs it if you do not take the moral high ground," he said. Referencing highly publicized actions that occurred in prisons maintained by the United States, Reed said, "Every blow you throw against some detainee is another blow against that moral victory you hope to achieve."

One of the moral dividing lines expressed both by Brown and Reed involves the value placed on individual lives. In their war against Hezbollah, Israelis, whether connected to the military or not, never celebrated the loss of life; Hezbollah, in contrast, publicized its successful missile strikes against civilians as blows against the infidels, they said. However, in the heat of battle, decisions to target civilian structures are complex. Brown recalled a conversation with a colonel in the IDF concerning the bombing of the civilian airport in Beirut. Apparently the Israelis had reliable reports that the Israeli soldiers, whose capture by Hezbollah forces served as the prelude to the bombing by Israel of Hezbollah targets, were going to be transported to Iran.

"The Israelis were faced with a decision," Brown said. "They didn't know where the soldiers were, but they knew where they were going. So they had to bomb the airport. I asked the colonel, 'Don't you think you're going to create more enemies by bombing that airport? Maybe a little boy witnesses that; 20 years later he grows up to be a terrorist.' The colonel said, 'I can't say you're wrong or right. I can only say that we have to do what is best for our own people.'"

During the coming year, the two seniors will be conducting six events on campus and in the community to foster dialogue concerning terrorism. The first event, the 9/11 memorial service coordinated with various campus groups, had people remembering the loss of approximately 3,000 innocent civilians when Al Qaeda attacked the United States using commercial passenger aircraft. Other events will include forums and speakers planned to encourage dialogue.

Fortunately at William and Mary, unlike some other major universities where clashes have broken out between Arab-based and Jewish-based sympathizers, the basis for an ongoing dialogue has been established.

Reed expressed two concerns about the issues he will be addressing. One is the fact that the war on terrorism can be used to divide the United States politically as Democrats and Republicans vie for electoral support. "Both sides have to work out their own hubris, their blind stick-to-the-party-line tendencies," Reed said. "It is not a Democratic or a Republican issue. It is a national—even an international—issue."

Reed's second concern entails separating the cultural issues from those that are political when labeling terrorists. "This war is not a clash of civilizations," he said. "It is not a clash between the West and the East. It is a clash between all that is moderate, tolerant and accepting in this world and those who are so blind in their ideology that they would advocate the wholesale destruction of such tolerance."

Among the points Brown will continue to make are an emphasis on the need for the world's democracies to take a united stand against terrorist organizations. "Had the entire world condemned the kidnapping of the Israeli soldiers and stood with Israel as a recognized democratic nation against a terrorist force using terrorist tactics, the escalation could have been avoided," he said. "Israel is standing up against terror; if everyone would do so, things would change." For those on campus, Brown has several messages, including the following: "I don't want to see people become complacent toward terrorism," he said. "I also don't want to see people become paranoid in the name of terrorism. We have to continue to fly. We have to continue to live our lives while realizing that it doesn't mean that you're crazy if you are a little more vigilant when you're at the airport."

As Brown continues to engage in dialogue, no doubt, aspects of his faith will come through. For him, a fitting example may be the visit he took to the Western Wall, what he called a 2,000-year-old symbol of Jewish survival, in Jerusalem during his visit to Israel.

"As you're walking up, you go through a metal detector," he said. "There are military helicopters flying by." Conspicuous by the Boston Red Sox cap he was wearing—"I forgot to pack my yarmulke," he explained—Brown stood there, praying and kissing the wall while looking straight ahead. To one side, the police were keeping watch in the distance. To the other side, Arabs were preparing for their own Friday prayers. Brown started to cry.

"I just stood there for 20 minutes," he said. "I was saying prayers for my friends and for peace in the Middle East, knowing that 50 to 100 miles away people were dying and living in shelters. I prayed for my people. I prayed for the Lebanese people. It's a shame when civilians die anywhere."

by David Williard



Members of the community participated in a candlelight vigil to help remember fallen alumni.



For many, it was a time of confusing emotions.

Party in D.C.: Alumni turn out in force at Egyptian Embassy

Many of the nearly 400 alumni who gathered at the Egyptian Embassy in Washington, D.C., this month came to hear Gene Nichol, president of William and Mary, give his College update to their Greater Metropolitan Washington, D.C., Chapter. Others showed up to see the embassy building and to meet Ambassador Nabil Fahmy, father of Ismail Mohamed Fahmy, a Class of 2005 graduate. By the end of the evening, what they found, however, was each other.

"It was just a great party," exclaimed Karen Cottrell, executive vice president of the William and Mary Alumni Association, who socialized among the guests well into the evening. "It felt like homecoming weekend." Indeed, with its generous hors d'oeuvre and beverage tables, its cross-generational conversations and its displays of Tribe Pride, albeit muted by business attire, the affair sparkled with all the festivity associated with a classic fall ingathering event. There even was talk of a football game—William and Mary's respectable loss to Maryland in College Park—by those who had traveled into the hostile Terrapin arena to cheer for their Tribe.

"Like homecoming, it brought people of all ages together," Cottrell said. "There were people there who graduated in the '50s talking with those who graduated last May." She recalled talking to one man who did not attend his 20th reunion because he did not believe he would see anyone he knew. "At the D.C. event, he met classmates," she said.

Ambassador Fahmy opened the formal remarks by welcoming the alumni and President Nichol to the embassy. He then shared insights concerning the challenges of diplomacy in an age of information overload (see below).

Nichol mixed his trademark brand of humor while addressing points of concern. He started out by bragging about the College by citing the fact that 12 students received Fulbright Scholarships and three faculty members won recognition from the Commonwealth as "Outstanding Faculty of Virginia" last year. He applauded the fact that more than \$470 million had been raised toward the \$500 million goal of



David Williard

Nichol (l) shares a warm moment with Fahmy during their presentations.

the Campaign for William and Mary, and he praised the efforts of the William and Mary in Washington Program and the first 18 undergraduate students who were enrolled in the new program. Nichol's pride in the new freshmen class was particularly evident: "If this weren't an alumni group, I would say it clearly is the most accomplished and diverse class in the history of the College, which is true, but I won't say it in your presence," he said. He told the gathering that he found it "heartening" that 25 percent of the freshmen were "students of color." Reporting that the freshmen had completed their ritual walk through the Wren Building, he said, "1,357 new members of the Tribe were making their contributions, seeking larger effort, learning the lines between the campus and the community and between service and learning."

Nichol received numerous laughs from alumni as he spoke about the new construction on campus. Regarding the new recreation center, he said, "It includes a rock-climbing wall and a juice bar; I'll give you three guesses which one I've actually tried out." His announcement that the opening of the new dormitories on Jamestown Road made possible the closing of the student housing at the Dillard Complex brought outright cheers from

those who had lived in the off-campus cluster. Concerning his own "new digs" in the refurbished President's House, Nichol reminded the alumni of some of the perils of life in Williamsburg: "Come see us and join the tourists who regularly walk into our house uninvited asking if we're serving lemonade," he said. "I have taken to serving it," he added.

Closing his remarks, Nichol encouraged the alumni to stay involved with William and Mary. He described how he had underestimated the pull of the community he had rejoined. "Coming back to William and Mary, one knows in some ways what one is going to find—the rigor, the compassion, the unspoken sense of community and connection," he said. "But I have found that even I was unable to judge how often the College of William and Mary—its students, its faculty, its staff and its alumni—would lift your heart and lift your sights. It compels you in some place that forces you to think more deeply, to care more deeply, to draw more deeply from the wells of your own experience and to share with those who follow and to think repeatedly of those who have gone before."

"I-95 runs both ways," he reminded them, "at least once you get out of Fredricksburg [when heading south]."

Meghan Comey ('03), program assistant for the College's Washington office, which along with the alumni association co-sponsored the event with the president's office and the College's public affairs office, agreed that the range of ages of those who attended was the most exciting aspect of the affair.

"It was a really good mix of people," she said. "I saw a lot of friends I had in College, but the age ranges and the graduation dates were all over the board. It was interesting to walk up to people and see someone from the class of '76 talking with an '06 grad."

As she continued to mingle well into the evening, Comey found that Nichol's words set the tone for subsequent conversations. Whether they remembered walking across the Crim Dell or singing in front of the President's House during their freshman years, the alumni compared their recollections with those of the president and with those of students from different eras, she said.

"The alumni love him," she said of Nichol. "Current students really feel he is one of them, and so do those of the Old Guard and those of the young guard, as well as everyone in between."

Long after the formal remarks ended, Nichol was engulfed by dozens of people who were attending the event. Many wished him well; others offered support. Many said they had heard him speak during a "welcoming event" after his presidency had been announced. That fact caused Cottrell to remark, "They are not just wanting to see him out of curiosity; they are showing a commitment to the leadership of the College."

Cottrell said she believes that Nichol has helped infuse alumni across the nation with a renewed spirit of regard for their alma mater, a belief supported by the turnout in D.C. "A lot of the president's enthusiasm transfers directly to alumni," she said, "but it is more than that. The Board of Visitors has been so positive, exciting new buildings are being constructed and the classes that are being brought in remain very strong. It is a very good time to be positive about William and Mary."

by David Williard

Egyptian ambassador tells alumni that America is a global, not a superpower

Egyptian Ambassador Nabil Fahmy talked about the responsibilities and opportunities facing the United States as a global power when he addressed members of the Greater Metropolitan Washington, D.C., Alumni Chapter in early September. He also talked about the loss of "time" in terms of decision-making. The chapter's annual event, which attracted nearly 400 people this year, was held at the Egyptian Embassy. Fahmy became a friend of the College during the enrollment of his son, Ismail Mohamed, who graduated from the university in 2005. Following is an edited transcript of the ambassador's remarks.

I do owe you a tremendous debt of gratitude because my son spent four wonderful years at William and Mary and graduated last year. I really want to thank all of you who were there, all of you who helped him grow ...

The challenges you face today—the challenges we face today—frankly are things that many of us are not trained for. When I trained for this profession—and I trained haphazardly—it was about traditional diplomacy. It was about trying to build on the foundations of history, reading carefully about all of what happened in the past, trying to draw logical conclusions and make rational decisions. What has

happened over the last 25 years—which is a little shorter than my career—by way of information exchange, by technology, by way of ease of communications—has, first of all, taken [away] a very important dimension, which is time. I get, every day, so much information from back home—reading papers from back home at night and reading your papers in the morning. Frankly, we are held accountable as a government for everything that happens by our own people and then by our friends, like you in America. [Such information arrives] at a pace that is almost mind-boggling. We simply don't have time to think. I say this; I admit it personally. My greatest challenge is [whether or not I am] making the right judgment because I don't know all I need to know about all of the issues [involved].

I make this point because you will face it even more and more. The only solution is to try to understand the context that exists around the world, understand the diversity that exists around the world and accept the conflict and diversity. [We need] to accept the fact that, at the end of the day, we need to find a way to work together on issues. It is not about who is right and who is wrong. I would love to be right all of the time. The reality is that even if I am

right, if I can't find a way to work with somebody else to move my agenda forward, ... it is not going to do me much service. I tell my own government very often that it is not about what is fair, it is about trying to do what you believe is the right thing to do and trying to engage people in finding solutions that they accept as much as you do.

You will face communities that you've never heard of as you deal with the future. The world is smaller. Issues like sovereignty, like borders, like geography all appear available to you on an immediate basis. I urge you to spend time looking at the rest of the world. You Americans, most of all, have the greatest responsibility and the greatest opportunity.

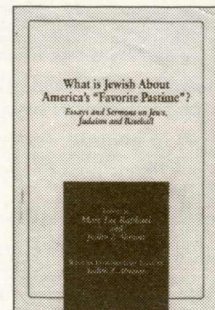
We all have moral responsibility to work closer than we did in the past because when we are right or when we are wrong it will have implications for others. You, most of all, because you are a global power—and I intentionally don't use the word "superpower," because ... you are a global power. Global power means you have responsibilities and opportunities throughout the world. You have to understand what is happening out there to do the best for America in the short term and to do the best for America in the long term.

What is Jewish about America's 'favorite pastime'?

Talking baseball with Raphael

When the weight of teaching about the Holocaust begins to wear him down, Marc Raphael, it is said, retires to the Major League Baseball box scores. Baseball is his refuge.

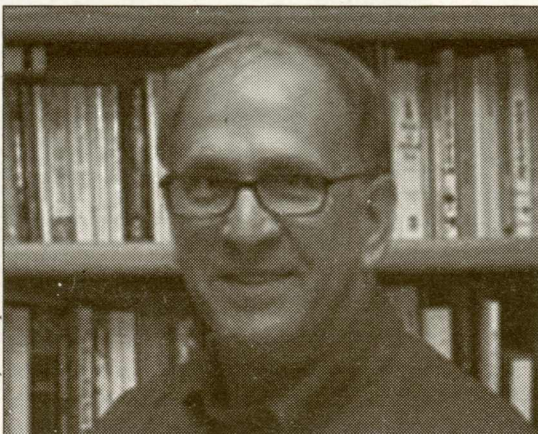
Raphael, the Sophia and Nathan S. Gumenick Professor of Judaica Studies at the College, calls himself "an enormous" baseball fan and "a walking encyclopedia" of the sport. "I spend most of my life going to baseball games," he said. Baseball even played into his decision to become a rabbi. During a summer camp when he was a young boy, Raphael, confident in his ever-developing fastball, was pitching for the campers against the staff in a baseball game.



After several decades, traces of astonishment still are evident in his voice as he recalls, "A rabbi on the staff stepped up to the plate and blasted a home run to win the game off of my blazing windmill fastball. Until then, I never had imagined that a rabbi could hit a baseball." When it happened, Raphael says, becoming a rabbi became an option.

When he was growing up in Los Angeles, the Dodgers became his team. He still reflexively defends against those who nostalgically lament that the Brooklyn Dodgers should have stayed in the East. "People kind of think the Dodgers left at the peak of their popularity, but every single year the Dodgers attracted fewer fans in Brooklyn, so it was a simple economic decision," he explained. Maury Wills remains his favorite player. "It's a shame he's not in the Hall of Fame, despite my letters," he jokes.

Last semester, drawing on his love of the game, Raphael co-edited with Judith Abrams the book *What is Jewish About America's 'Favorite Pastime'?* The collection of essays expounds on numerous spiritual interpretations of baseball, many by rabbis who have used the game as a grand metaphor for helping to convey an understanding of the world. For instance, in the opening piece, Hillel Goelman explores the correlation of baseball to the mystical concepts of space (*olam*), time (*shannah*) and the human soul (*nefesh*). Reuven Goldfarb and David Wechsler-Azen consider the correspondence between the positions of baseball players and *sefirot* (processes within God). In an essay titled "Jews on First: The 'Avot' of Baseball," Eric Schulmiller equates Jewish baseball personalities with the great figures of Jewish history. "Lip" Pike, who became the first "professional"



Courtesy of Raphael

Marc Raphael

player when he accepted \$20 per week in 1866 to play for the Philadelphia Athletics, is Schulmiller's Adam. Barney Dreyfus, the owner of the National League Champion Pittsburgh Pirates who in 1903 invited rivals from the upstart American League championship squad to play an end-of-year series to determine the world championship, is his Noah, the person who helped baseball enter its modern age. (Dreyfus' squad lost the series by 5 games to 3.) Henry "Hank" Greenberg, the five-time All-Star, two-time American League Most Valuable Player, four-time American League Home Run Champion who on Sept. 19, 1934, in the midst of a pennant race took himself out of the Detroit lineup in observance of Yom Kippur, is Schulmiller's Abraham, the baseball icon who came in "the middle of the generations." Like Abraham, Greenberg overcame many trials, the author writes, not the least of which were the racial slurs and numerous slights that were precursors to what Jackie Robinson, baseball's first African-American player, would face. Sandy Koufax, the six-time All-Star, holder of five consecutive titles for earned-run average, pitcher of four no-hitters and three-time winner of the National League's Cy Young Award, is Schulmiller's Jacob, a person who "swindled many a batter out of his birthright." As did Greenberg, Koufax helped American Jews identify with being Jewish and American when he refused to pitch in the opening game of the 1965 World Series between the Dodgers and the Minnesota Twins because it fell on Yom Kippur.

Throughout the book, the "timelessness" of baseball, the game without a clock, and the ability of the the game to connect fans "from generation to generation" are recurring themes. In his essay, Jordan Parr alludes to the comparable rhythms of life and sport when he writes, "The Talmud is like a baseball game. It flows, back and forth, in gentle discussion. The debates are like a current; sometimes gentle, sometimes fast, but always moving in the same direction."

Raphael approached Abrams about co-editing the book after he made two observations while attending Baltimore Orioles games in Camden Yards. One involved the fact that vendors were accommodating the dietary needs of Jewish fans by offering kosher foods; the other was an announcement on the scoreboard indicating the time and place were Jewish prayer services would be held.

"What struck me was this was such an amazing statement of the comfort level of Jews in America," he said. "You can be Jewish and you can be American by your excitement over baseball. I would not use the word 'assimilation' because that would be to lose your identity. I'm talking about American Jews being comfortable in another culture."

Raphael said he does not see "baseball through the lens of Judaism." He never has prayed for someone to get a hit or for one team to win a game, he said. It is notable that Wills, his favorite player, was not Jewish. "I like the way he went about his work—the kind of way I have tried to model my professional life," he explained. "He was very intense and very focused, and there never was a time when he gave less than 100 percent to his job."

Raphael identifies two things he loves about the game: "One is the way that plays unfold and all of the different places that players move, not just the player to whom the ball is hit," he said. "The other thing is that baseball is the one game that has no time limit. Things unfold in a leisurely way."

Expounding on the movements of players, Raphael is intrigued by the way that many of the motions, for instance a catcher running down the first-base line after a bunt in anticipation of an errant throw, anticipates an error. "Errors are part of life," he said. "I love watching a game and seeing how everybody moves around to anticipate something going wrong." Although he would not elevate such a lesson to a faith issue, he does suggest that it could serve as a lesson for life—"kind of like driving defensively," he said.

Another lesson for life involves *The Natural*, a book by Jewish author Bernard Malamud and subsequently a 1984 film released under the same name. "The much later Hollywood version of the story, with Robert Redford as the star, ends on the happy note of a killer home run that wins the championship, not the strikeout that leaves everybody lost, as in the novel," Ori Z. Soltes explains in one of the book's essays. Raphael suggests that Malamud's version was more authentic. "One ending is more like life is and the other is more like Hollywood is," he said. "Roy Hobbs' entire life is one of loss and failure; it would have been kind of amazing if he had suddenly diverged from the path of his life. But we all come to those situations where we have some critical point, and we don't always hit a home run."

by David Williard

Pike's chemistry course cited in nationwide assessment

An undergraduate course at William and Mary was singled out in a national study of chemistry courses conducted by the Center for Educational Policy Research (CEPR) on behalf of the College Board.

The CEPR identified General Chemistry I/ Descriptive Inorganic Chemistry, taught by Professor Robert Pike, as one of the top examples of best practices in chemistry courses nationwide. It is listed as CHEM 103, an introductory course for science and premed majors.

"I guess I'm on my sixth go-round of teaching this course," Pike said. He added that the course was evaluated on the basis of materials, including a syllabus, examinations and problem sets that he submitted during the spring of 2005. "Any recognition the course received had relatively little to do with the way I teach it. It's kind of



Suzanne Seuratian

Pike is enthusiastic about chemistry.

ironic, because my favorite parts of the class are the demonstrations. Students enjoy them, too. You know—the bangs and fire and things."

Odile Stout, research team leader at the CEPR, said Pike's course was one

of 23 cited for best practices out of 166 chemistry courses examined nationwide. The CEPR was commissioned to examine a number of college courses by the College Board, the organization behind the SAT. The College Board also administers Advanced Placement (AP) exams for high school students and the suggested curricula for AP courses in high school.

"The study sought to identify best-practices college courses that could inform the redesign of AP courses in chemistry," CEPR Director David T. Conley wrote in making the announcement. "The goal of the redesign process is to ensure that AP courses reflect the best of college teaching."

Conley's announcement explained that CEPR assembled a panel of national experts to review the nominated courses

and identify the critical components of best practices present in each course.

A commission in chemistry convened by the College Board will meet over the current academic year to develop new course descriptions and exam specifications for AP courses.

Stout said that additional details of the CEPR study, including specific aspects of Pike's course found to be noteworthy, will be released later by the College Board. The CEPR is based at the University of Oregon.

Pike is teaching another section of Descriptive Inorganic Chemistry this semester to a full house of 155 students. "Even at the most basic level, I enjoy teaching this course," he said. "We fit a whole lot of science into one semester."

by Joe McClain

History scholar to study in New York City

Joshua Beatty, a doctoral candidate in the College's department of history, has been awarded a research fellowship by the Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History. Beatty will conduct research at the New York Historical Society. His project title is "Performances of Authority: A Cultural History of the Stamp Act Crisis."

Beatty earned a bachelor's degree from the University of Rhode Island and a master's degree from William and Mary. At the College, he has received a Dean's Open Fellowship, a Provost's Research Grant and a Dean's Research Grant. In addition, he has received a George Washington Fellowship of the General Society of Colonial Wars and Andrew W. Mellon fellowships at the Massachusetts Historical Society and at the Virginia Historical Society. Beatty also has received research fellowships at the David Library of the American Revolution and the Library Company of Philadelphia and Historical Society of Pennsylvania.

New law students introduced to the College's citizen-lawyer ethos

Not even the rain could stop William and Mary's newest law students from touring Colonial Williamsburg to learn about the historical roots of their law school, the first established in America.

"It's very important that the people going to the law school understand its deep roots in American history," said Dean W. Taylor Reveley III of the tour's purpose. "I believe firmly that when you can see something, it takes on a life it wouldn't otherwise have from just hearing about it."

The history of the law school was brought to life with the help of tour guides and re-enactors from Colonial Williamsburg.

Outside the George Wythe House, Thomas Haye, the colonial supervisor of the courthouse and jail, addressed the Class of 2009 in full colonial attire. While talking about Wythe, William and Mary's—and America's—first law professor, Haye noted that before the William and Mary Law School existed, most lawyers learned the practice through apprenticeships. Wythe worked as an apprentice for his uncle, Stephen Dewey.

"In a way, all of us owe a debt to Mr. Dewey," said Haye, describing how Wythe was unsatisfied with the training he received from Dewey. "It was [Dewey's] neglect of Wythe that led him to recognize the need for a system of legal education."



Gretchen Guthrie

Armed with umbrellas, William and Mary's newest law students tour Colonial Williamsburg, hearing stories about men like Thomas Jefferson, George Wythe and John Marshall.

'It's very important that the people going to the law school understand its deep roots in American history.'

—W. Taylor Reveley III

After telling the new law students about men like Thomas Jefferson and John Marshall and their great influence on the law school, Haye encouraged the class members to get to know the stories about Wythe and his famous students. "You are part of [Wythe's] legacy," he said.

After the tour of Colonial Williamsburg, the students went to the College's Wren Building, where Reveley told the class about the importance of becoming citizen-lawyers. In addition to emphasizing that students become "skilled practitioners of law," Reveley reminded the class that the citizen-lawyer mission means that the school should create lawyers who feel responsible for the leadership and betterment of society.

"You will want to believe you made a difference for the better," he said. "That's what we mean by being a citizen-lawyer."

Reveley also said that when the students earn their law degrees, it will be important for them to have a sense of pride in

their school and its mission.

"You can be profoundly proud of your law school," he said. "The people who created it were brilliant leaders."

Kristen Clardy, who attended the tour, called the tour "interesting and informative" but said she was motivated by what she heard inside the Wren Building. "I was inspired by Dean Reveley's speech on becoming a citizen-lawyer," she said. "I plan to keep that in mind during my time at William and Mary."

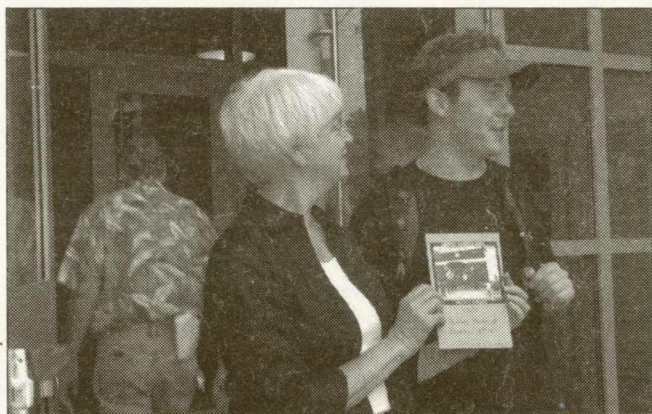
President and co-founder of the George Wythe Society, H. Van Smith, a third-year law student, spoke about his organization's role in helping students achieve the citizen-lawyer ideal. "We're trying to develop a program to encourage people to do public service and to be leaders within their communities," he said. "It's part of the dual mission of the law school."

After the speech, students congregated in the Wren Building for refreshments and discussed what they had seen and heard during the tour.

"I think when you go to William and Mary, you're signing up for this citizen-lawyer ethos," said Jason Wool. "The ethics that we are learning about [in our classes] have their source in the history of William and Mary, and I think that it's important to learn about."

by Kaila M. Gregory (JD '09)

Boykin gets honorary residency



Steve Salpakas

Boykin (c) shows off the tag received from Donaldson (r).

Junior Patrick Donaldson, one of the resident assistants (RAs) for the new Jamestown dorms, presented Deb Boykin, director of residence life, with a "door tag" that made her an honorary resident of the new facility.

Donaldson decided to present Boykin with the honor out of appreciation for the work she has done with residence life in her time at William and Mary. During his first year as an RA, Donaldson would attend meetings with other student staff members to talk directly to Boykin about different issues facing student employees of residence life. He was greatly impressed by Boykin's commitment to the student staff members.

"The whole thing came about because Deb Boykin takes the time to meet with, write notes and really get out there and know the RAs, the people who work under her and are in the residence halls interacting with students. ... She genuinely listened to everything we had to say as RAs and contacted people regarding our concerns, and as an employee of residence life, that's something that sat really well with me," Donaldson said.

As an RA, Donaldson is responsible for making name tags for each resident on his floor and hanging them on the appropriate doors to help the students get to know one another. He chose to use pictures of his favorite movies and bands as "door tags." Boykin's featured a picture of Creedence Clearwater Revival.

De Groft's 'Titian' featured during Paris exhibition

The portrait of Federico II Gonzaga, Duke of Mantua, has left the Muscarelle Museum at the College to be part of a Titian exhibition at the Musée du Luxembourg in Paris. The exhibition opened on Sept. 13. Placement of the piece helps to legitimize the painting as a work of Tiziano Vecello (Titian), who was considered a leader of the Venetian School of the Italian Renaissance.

Aaron De Groft, director of the Muscarelle Museum, brought the painting to Williamsburg in October 2005. Since 1998, when De Groft met the painting's owners, Thomas Dossett & Associates, he has been working on a comprehensive study to authenticate the work as a Titian.

"I've been working on this for eight years, and this is the point—to have it seen," De Groft recently told the Richmond Times-Dispatch. "It's a once-in-a-lifetime sort of exhibition of major portraits by Titian."

The portrait was considered authentic until doubt was cast by a German art historian, who referred to a document from 1540 in which the



Courtesy of Muscarelle Museum

The disputed portrait.

Thomas Dossett, who, along with other investors, purchased the portrait three decades ago. He knew that its authenticity as a Titian was in dispute. He praised De Groft for his perseverance in revealing the artist's identity. "Others had the opportunity to step into history with this thing and passed it up," Dossett told the Times-Dispatch. "De Groft will stand out in art history."

Duke of Mantua promised the portrait had been commissioned. Titian died 11 days later. De Groft's research revealed that the letter actually had been written during the previous year, giving the master time to have completed the assignment.

Also quoted in the newspaper article was

Israel is first recipient of College's Hardy scholarship

Benjamin A. Israel, a 2006 graduate of Rumson-Fair Haven Regional High School in Rumson, N.J., was recently named the first recipient of the College of William and Mary's Michael Hardy Edwards Scholarship. The scholarship honors the memory of William and Mary alumnus Michael Hardy Edwards, who died on September 11, 2001, in the attacks on the World Trade Center. It was established in 2002 by his wife, Jackie Edwards, and has been funded by family mem-



Courtesy of Israel

Israel

bers and friends. The scholarship, which provides \$5,000 a year for four years so long as recipients remain in good academic standing, is awarded to an incoming freshman from the greater New York area who best exemplifies the characteristics of Michael Hardy Edwards: character, academic achievement and athletic participation in high school.

Israel, a National Honor Society member, was named the 2006 recipient of the New Jersey Scholar-Athlete Award, which recognizes outstanding scholastic achievement, athletic performance and leadership.

During his time in high school, Israel also was honored with the Allen D. Van Anda Sr. Award for his team spirit and dedication to the varsity ice hockey program. During his high school career, he played baseball and ran cross-country as well.

Tribe breaks ground on Laycock center



Courtesy of Tribe Athletics

The Laycock center is expected to open in 2007.

Officials broke ground Sept. 15 on a 30,000-square-foot football complex that will be named in honor of longtime Tribe head football coach Jimmie Laycock. The complex, estimated to cost \$11 million,

will be built with funds raised through private donors.

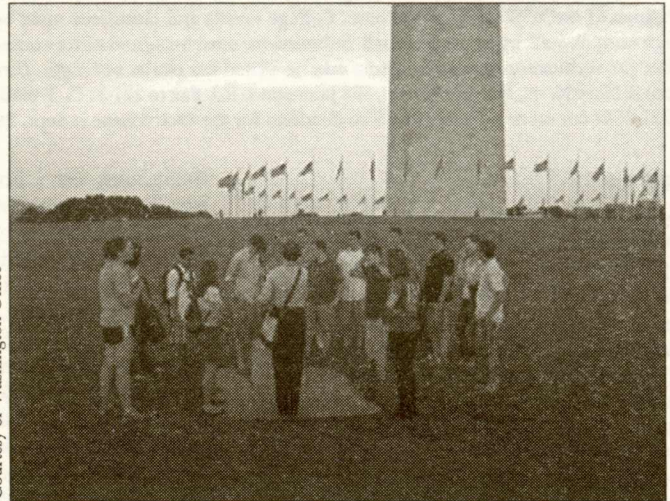
During the special ceremony, which was attended by Gene Nichol, president of the College, and Walter Zable, for whom the football stadium is

named, Laycock joked with reporters, saying, "I've always wanted a bathroom in my office and now I will finally have on." Concerning the facility, he added, "I think it's something our program needs, and I'm glad that we're going to get it."

The Jimmie Laycock Football Complex, which is scheduled to be open in the fall of 2007, will be located at the northwest corner of the stadium. It will feature coaches' lockers, an athletic training room, an equipment storage area, offices for coaches and administrative support areas. The entrance will become home to a Tribe Football Hall of Fame.

Laycock graduated from the College in 1970. He played defensive back and quarterback for the Tribe. He has coached the squad since 1980.

W&M in Washington program offers unique perspective in D.C.



Courtesy of Washington Office

Eighteen undergraduates are pioneers in the new program.

When 18 undergraduate students from the College moved into their rooms on Aug. 28 to start the semester, they did not unpack in their traditional Williamsburg dormitories. Instead, they made their home in a 140-year-old townhouse in Washington's Capitol Hill neighborhood. Through their windows, they saw the U.S. Capitol, located just three blocks from their front steps.

The students are in Washington, D.C., as participants in the new William and Mary in Washington program administered by the College's Washington office.

While such programs are not new to the nation's capital—more than 50 colleges and universities nationwide offer similar programs—the William and Mary program is unique because it features a central theme that changes each semester. A William and Mary professor also is assigned to the program. This semester, Christine Nemacheck, assistant professor of government and a Supreme Court scholar, is teaching "Courting Politics, Politicking the Courts: The Intersections Between Law and Politics." The topic for the spring semester will be "Washington and the Arts: The Intersection of the Global and the Local," led by Anne Rasmussen, associate professor of music at the College.

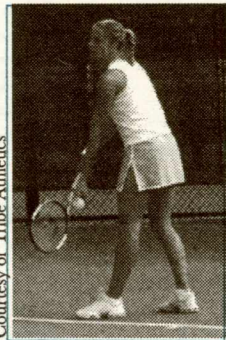
To participate in the Washington program, students are required to obtain an internship, with strong support from the program administrators, that relates to the semester's theme.

The College now is recruiting applicants for the Spring 2007 arts semester. While seniors and juniors from the College are given preference for the limited positions, exceptional students from other universities also can apply. Get information at the Web site at www.wm.edu/wmindc.

Doubles team wins W&M Invitational

On the final day of the 14th annual William and Mary Invitational, the Tribe's top doubles team of senior Megan Moulton-Levy and sophomore Katarina Zoricic led the way, claiming the flight A doubles title. The pair knocked off a pair of North Carolina Tar Heel teams on Sunday en route to the championship.

Moulton-Levy and Zoricic, ranked No. 22 nationally, defeated Marand and Collins 9-7 in the semifinals before downing the top-seeded UNC team of Long and Tsang, 8-3, in the final. Long, along with Sara Anundsen, who did not play, is ranked number 1 nationally in



Courtesy of Tribe Athletics

Zoricic prepares to serve during the invitational match.

short of claiming a pair of titles when she lost in an exciting singles final against Long of UNC.

doubles. The Tribe squad improved to 4-0 on the season.

During the competition, Moulton-Levy fell just

Hoxie honored after Tribe wins ODU classic

Sophomore forward Andrew Hoxie received a pair of honors on Sept. 18 after helping the Tribe to the ODU Stihl Soccer Classic crown. Hoxie garnered the Brine CAA Men's Soccer Co-Player of the Week honors. He also was named to the Top Drawer Soccer National Team of the Week. Hoxie earned MVP honors at the tournament in leading the Tribe to the event title for the first time since 1998.

After opening the season with a brutal nonconference schedule that included four top-25 teams, the College evened its record at 4-4 with the two wins at the classic.

Young violinists take center stage at Ewell Hall

For half a dozen young violinists, the first concert of the Williamsburg Symphonia's season had a big bonus—the chance to take part in a master class led by guest artist Irina Muresanu. For more than two hours, they played and received feedback from an artist who has won top prizes in numerous international violin



Peter Blankman

Irina Muresanu (center, striped shirt) is surrounded by young musicians with whom she worked.

competitions, including the Montreal International, Queen Elizabeth Violin, UNISA International String, Washington International, and Schadt String competitions. The master class took place in Ewell Recital Hall at the College. Participants played selections from works by Bach, Kreisler, Mozart, Saint-Saens, and Vaughan Williams.

The performers were Jori Byrne-Diakun, a member of the William and Mary Symphony Orchestra who received "outstanding soloist" awards during competitions at the high school level; Amahl Hodge, a 12-year-old from West Point, Va., who was concertmaster of the Williamsburg Youth String Orchestra last year; Robert Anemone, a

longtime member of the Williamsburg Youth Orchestra who now is studying at Walnut Hill, an arts school in Massachusetts; Caroline Little, a tenth-grader at Jamestown High School who has been with the Williamsburg Youth Orchestra for six years; Holly Miller, a junior at Hampton Christian High School whose

hobbies include street performing on the violin; and Joanna Stephens, the concertmistress of the William and Mary Symphony Orchestra and the recipient of the Gladys Clark Music Scholarship at the College.

Muresanu said she loves taking part in classes like this. A native of Bucharest, Romania, she is on the faculties of the Boston Conservatory and the music department at MIT.

The master class was sponsored by the Williamsburg Symphonia and the department of music at the College. Accompanists were Rebecca Davy and Gary Green, visiting artist-in-residence.

by Peter Blankman

New VIMS class takes tour



Courtesy of VIMS

The Virginia Institute of Marine Science (VIMS) welcomed 18 new graduate students this year with a field trip from Gloucester Point to the institute's Eastern Shore Laboratory in Wachapreague, Va. In the photo, faculty and students are shown disembarking the VIMS research vessel R/V Pelican, a converted military landing craft, on Kiptopeke Beach. The students explored Virginia's barrier-island ecosystems before returning to VIMS to begin fall semester classes.

