

The Gloucester Herald.

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No. 3.

Lady Byron's Farewell to Lord Byron.

The following poem was furnished the London Telegraph by a subscriber. We copy from that paper:

Yes! farewell—farewell for ever,
Thou thyself has fixed our doom,
Bade hope's fairest blossom wither,
Ne'er again for me to bloom.
Unforgiving thou hast called me,
Didst thou ever say—forgive?
For the wretch whose wiles beguiled the
Thou alone didst seem to live.

Short the space which time had given
To complete thy love's decay
By unhallowed passion driven,
Soon thy heart was taught to stray.
Lived for me that feeling tender
Which thy verse so well can show,
From my arms why didst thou wander
My endearments why forego?

Oh! too late thy breast was bared,
Oh! too soon to me 'twas shown,
That thy love I once but shared,
And already it is flown.
Wrapt in dreams of joy abiding,
On thy breast my head hath lain,
In thy love and truth confiding,
Bliss I ne'er can know again.

That dark hour did first discover
In thy soul the hideous stain,
Would these eyes had closed forever,
Ne'er to weep thy crime again!
But the impious wish, O Heaven!
From thy records blotted be;
Yes, I yet would live, O Byron,
For the bliss I've borne for thee.

In whose lovely features tell me,
All my weakness here confess,
Whilst the struggling tears permit me,
All the features I can trace—
He whose image never leave me,
He whose image still I prize,
Who, the bitterest feeling gives me,
Still to love, where I despise.

With regret and sorrow richer,
When our child's first accents flow
I will teach her to say—Father,
But his guilt she ne'er shall know.
Whilst to-morrow and to-morrow
Wakes me from a widowed bed,
On another's arm, no sorrow
With those tears, no tear will shed.

I the world's approval sought not
When I tore myself from thee,
Of its praise or blame I thought not—
What's its praise or blame to me?
He so prize—so love—adore—
From his heart my image drove;
On my head contempt has poured,
And preferred a wanton's love.

Thou art proud, but mark me, Byron,
I've a heart proud as thine own—
Soft to love, but hard as iron,
When contempt is on its throne;
But farewell! I'll not upbraid thee,
Never, never wish thee ill,
Wretched thou thy crimes have made me,
If thou canst be happy still.

A NIGHT OF TERROR.

A TRUE STORY.

I am growing old my readers, and my hair, once so dark and glossy, is now thickly threaded with silver; my eyes, once bright and sparkling, are now somewhat dim; and my children and grandchildren tell me that my memory is failing fast. It may be so, but although I cannot always recall events that take place from day to day, I can remember, as well if it had happened yesterday, a

house, and where the silver was kept that he sometimes saw being cleaned in the kitchen. It was her opinion that he was a desperate character. I knew little of the world's wickedness in those days, but I felt an instinctive dread of the bold stare which he always gave me if I happened to meet him about the place. Once he sent a message for me to go and see him, as he was very ill. His brother Mike brought over the message, and left directly he had given it to me, so I had no chance to ask him what was wrong with Ulick. I made a little custard, which I thought might tempt a sick person to eat, and, trying on my best, was about to take it over, when Isabella stopped me.

"Wait till the master comes in, ma'am. He will take that over, if you cannot spare me."

"But, Bella, Ulick is sick, and requested to see me."
"Never mind, ma'am," she replied, quietly. "Take my advice, and do not go. I know that man better than you do, and I would almost swear that nothing is the matter with him."

From that day my dread of Ulick Burke increased, and I eagerly looked forward to the time when the fallow should be cleared, and the shanty rid of its rough inmates.

It was in the month of February that business of an urgent nature obliged my husband to leave home, for a town some forty miles distant. We had no manservant belonging to the house—not even a boy; so Isabella and myself were alone in our lonely dwelling. My brother had not been over for some days, so did not know of husband's intended journey. All day long, after he had left, I felt a strange presentiment of coming evil, which, as night drew in, rather increased than diminished. Never before had the wind sounded so dreary as it did on that February night, as it moaned and sighed through the tall pine trees, or blew in fitful and angry gusts across the clearing. I would have retired to bed in the hope of sleeping off my fears, but my baby was very restless, and I could not get him to sleep. Taking the little man in my arms, I soon succeeded in amusing him, and myself also, as in watching his playful wiles I for a time forgot my fears; but just as I was rising to prepare for bed, I heard the tramping of oxen, and the loud shouting of men who had that day gone to P— to bring up stores of pork, whiskey and tobacco. I knew at once, by the harsh words and horrid oaths that fell upon my ear, that the brothers had been drinking freely, and a feeling came into my mind that I would wait till all was quiet at the shanty before we ourselves retired for the night. Bady had calmed down nicely, and was lying quietly upon my knee, when, horror of horrors, I happened to raise my eyes in the direction of the window, and saw a face pressed against one of the panes of glass, which even in my wild terror I recognized as belonging to Ulick Burke, regarding me with a look of fiendish triumph. I knew enough not to scream, but, rising up with a desperate effort, I dragged my trembling limbs into the kitchen. Isabella had her back toward

to show such deadly marks of terror as were visible on my face.

"The mistress and myself are obliged to you, Ulick; but did you not know that we expect the master in every minute?" He laughed a low, mocking, scornful laugh.

"You may spare your looks, then, for he started for C— at noon to-day. He will be some days before you see him again—perhaps never."

"Sure," she replied quickly, "did he not leave them papers that he was obliged to take with him? and he must come back for them. 'Tis for him we are keeping on the fire, and don't you see the kettle boiling, all ready for his tea?"

"Maybe I can spare you the trouble of sitting up for him," he said, with an air of ill-disguised triumph. "I went on to P—, and saw him with my own eyes. He gave me this scrap of paper for her"—here he pointed toward me. "I am not much of a scholar, but I managed to make out by the writing, that he had gone on to the big town on the lake, this evening."

Every hope of rescue died out of my heart at these words. A faint hope had clung to me that he would not doubt Isabella's story, and would at once leave the house; but the knowledge he expressed of the contents of my husband's note filled me with terror. I shook and trembled so that I could scarcely stand, while I held my letter unread in my hand.

"Ulick, you have been fighting over in the shanty since you came home, have you not?" asked Isabella, quietly.

"Yes," he replied, sullenly, "we have. Kelly and Pat have drawn knives more than once this evening, and the boys got at the whiskey, and never left a drop. I gave Mike a thrashing that he won't get over in a hurry, and Pat is lying half-dead in the shanty, but not by my hand. I did not want to see him hurt, and it will be the worse for the next who touches him."

He rose up as he said this, and opened the kitchen-door as if to listen, but an seemed quiet, so he shut the door, and instead of sitting down again, he walked up directly in front of me, and once more I encountered the gaze of those dreadful eyes.

"I've a long score to settle with you," he said, "but I kept quiet till the master went away. He is gone at last, and anger keeps warm with nursing. You are both in my power now. Do you see that?" He held up a long bright knife, which, while speaking he had drawn from beneath his coat. "Give me the child!"

At those terrible words my courage in some degree returned, and stepping back quickly, I exclaimed:

"You surely would not injure my child, Ulick! You could not hurt my innocent babe? He, at least, has done you no harm; neither have any of us, that I am aware of."

I had still kept retreating back, step by step, as I spoke, and step by step he advanced. We had almost reached the parlor door. My baby was in danger of suffocation, owing to the vicelike embrace in which I held him. Suddenly Isabella ran quickly past me, and I heard her open the glass door which looked down

"what will those frail fastenings avail against that terrible man, when he returns again, enraged at being deceived by you?"

"Do you see that door?" she replied, pointing to the glass door.

"I do. It is unfastened," was my despairing answer.

"Well I know; it is all the better for you. Now listen to me mistress. If Ulick Burke returns—and I am almost sure he will do so—leave me to talk to him, and run for your life over to the shanty, and throw yourself upon his brothers for protection. There are five of them; and, with the exception of Pat, they all hate Ulick. Tell them your danger, and, if I am not mistaken, Tom and Mike and Kelly and John will take your part. 'Tis your only chance, for he would not spare you."

"And what is to become of you, my brave Isabella?"

"I am not afraid to die; I have neither husband nor child to fret for me; but I would sell my life dearly to that ruffian," was her calm reply.

Oh, what a long weary night that was, as we sat there, expecting his return. Often did I rise and grasp Isabella's arm in an agony of terror and despair, as I fancied I heard his tread on the door-step or saw those gleaming eyes peering at us through the window.

The fire went out for want of wood, and we dare not open the door to get a stick for it, so that we were shivering with cold as well as fear before the dawn broke. But a merciful Providence watched over us in our helplessness, for Ulick Burke did not return again.

One of the boys came over next day, and Isabella asked him, in a careless way what they had been about over at the shanty the night before.

"Drinking and fighting the first part of the evening; and then Ulick went out, after he had beaten Mike terribly; so we made a vow to be revenged on him, and when he came in again, we all seized him and bound him to a post, and then pitched into him. He won't leave his bed for a full month, I can tell you; but he deserved all he got. We would have given him twice as much, only Pat begged hard for him to be left alone."

The mystery of Ulick not returning was now explained, and little did the brothers ever guess that, in revenging themselves, they had in all human probability, saved the lives of two people.

Not daring to spend another night alone I walked over to my brother's, after breakfast, and he sent one of his men over to sleep at our house till my husband came back. I knew that one more month would finish the chopping, and so great was my dread of Ulick Burke's revengeful temper, that I told neither husband nor brother of my "night of terror" spent in my first home in America, with no other companion than brave Isabella Gordon!

The worth of Freemasonry very far exceeds all our encomiums, and its glory is higher and broader than all our praises.

There are those who profess to be good men whose calling we should think would lead them to exalt the principles and practice of the noble virtues that lay at the foundation of our ancient institution, who seek to undermine the beautiful temple, adorned and built by wisdom, supported and adorned by beauty, and consecrated by the great Jehovah.

A Good One.

About two miles on the road leading from the majestic York at the village of Cappaquoic, as many of my readers, know, you come to a fork, in which stands a very noticeable black gum tree. The road to the right of this tree leads by Belle Roi to Gloucester Point, Gloucester Court House, the office of the Gloucester Herald, and various other places, that to the left, by the Sassafras to Stubbs's mill, Wood's Cross Roads and everywhere else. Within a circle of ninety-seven miles about this tree, the following circumstance is said to have occurred with a friend, whose name for prudential considerations I will omit, and familiarly call B.:

During the past summer B, had a fine watermelon patch in a piece of new land at some distance from his house. Upon a careful examination of the premises, he discovered that some of his fellow-citizens had been capturing his watermelons. With warlike intent, one dark night, armed with his gun, he went out to catch or punish the thief. The night was still. B was lonely and fatigued by the heat and labors of the day. He sat down to rest and refresh himself. Fancyful vagaries of erinoline and calico floated through his brain, which gradually changed into visions of cupid's fairies and angels, and while B thought that he was keeping the best watch conceivable, he was in fact, fast asleep. At this juncture of affairs along came a Fifteenth Amendment, better known in the good old days of yore, when tobacco was cheap, apple jack abundant, and coffee attended to his business and did not meddle with politics, as a "nigger," armed with a bag, for the purpose of carrying off a load. Before doing so, he concluded to eat one, having no knife, he walked up to B, then in the full enjoyment of his dreams, whom in the dark he took for a stump. Up went the Amendment's paws, and down came the watermelon, upon B's denoted head. Cries of bloody murder broke suddenly upon the stillness of the night, and up jumped the stump before the astonished Fifteenth Amendment. Supposing the Ku Klux Klan had him, and that he was in the midst of hobgoblins, ghosts and demons, he leaped the fence like a deer and was gone, leaving his bag and B master of the situation.

But poor B, suddenly aroused from his quietude, by this sudden and unwelcome visitation, thought that his head had been crushed by a bomb-shell. The luscious juice trickling down his face he mistook for blood, and the soft pulp for brains. He roared loudly for help and as no help came, he made for home in a direction opposite to that taken by the Fifteenth Amendment, expecting at every step to fall dead on the way. It was sometime after he reached home before his family could induce him to believe that he, not only was not killed, but that he had not lost a drop of blood.

Mean Men.

I've known some very mean men in my time. There was Deacon Overreach, now, he was so mean that he always carried a hen in his gig box when he traveled, to pick up the oats his horse wasted in the manger, and lay an egg for his breakfast in the morning. And then there was Hugo Himmelman, who made his wife dig potatoes to pay for the marriage license. I must tell you that story is not a bad one; and good five thousand dollars for the use of a disabled

"Three Sundays."

"Three Sundays," said Hugo; "well that's a long time, too. But three Sundays only make a fortnight after all; two for the covers and one for the inside like; and six dollars is a great sum of money for a poor man to throw away. I must wait."

So off he went a jogging towards home, feeling as mean as a new sheared sheep, when all at once, a bright thought came into his head, and back he went to the as fast as his horse could carry him.

"Parson," says he, "I've changed my mind. Here's six dollars; I'll tie the knot to-night with my tongue that I can't untie with my teeth."

"Why, what in natur' is the meanin' of all this?" says the parson.

"Why, says Hugo, I've been epher- ing it out in my head, and it's cheaper than publishin' bans, after all. You see, sir, it's potato-digging time; if I wait to be called in church, her father will have her work for nothing; and as hands are scarce and wages big, if I marry her to-night, she can begin to dig her own to-morrow, and that will pay for the license and just seven shillings over, for there ain't a man in all Clements that can dig and carry as many bushels in a day as Gretchen can. And, besides, fresh wives, like fresh servants, work like smoke at first, but they get scarce and lazy after awhile."

THE ART OF LIVING HAPPILY.—The following maxims or rules of action might if strictly observed, go far to increase the happiness, or at least, to diminish the inquietudes and miseries of life:

Observe invariably truth in your words and integrity in your actions.

Accustom yourself to temperance and be master of your passions.

Be not too much out of humor with the world; but remember it is a world of God's creating, and however sadly it is marred with wickedness and folly, yet you have found in it more comforts than calamities, more civilities than affronts, more instances of kindness toward you than of cruelty.

Try to spend your time usefully both to yourself and others.

Never make an enemy or foe a friend unnecessarily.

Cultivate such a habitual cheerfulness of mind and evenness of temper, as not to be ruffled by turmoil, inconveniences, and crosses.

Be ready to heal branches in friendship and to make deferences, and to shun litigation yourself as much as possible for he is an ill-calculator that does not perceive that one amicable settlement is better than two law suits.

Be it rather your ambition to acquit yourself well in your proper station than to rise above it.

Despise not small honest gains, and do not risk what you have on the delusive prospect of sudden riches. If you are in a comfortable, thriving way keep in it and abide your own calling rather than run the chance of another. In a word mind to 'use the world as not abusing it,' and probably you will find as much comfort in it as is most fit for a frail being who is merely journeying through it toward an immortal abode.

The greatest pleasure of life is live; the greatest treasure is contentment; the greatest possession is wealth; the greatest ease is sleep; the greatest medicine is a true friend.

The mines of the Wilkesbarre (Pa.) Coal and Iron Company have a fund of five thousand dollars for the use of disabled

THE HERALD.

GLOUCESTER C. H., Va.

SATURDAY, DEC. 18, 1869.

J. H. ROWLENSON, Editor.

THE NEW CIRCUIT JUDGES— THE QUESTION OF THE NEW APPOINTMENTS AS DISCUSSED AT WASHINGTON—CON- SIDERATIONS WHICH MUST CONTROL IN THE SELEC- TIONS.

Under the above striking caption, we find in the New York Weekly Times of the 27th of November last, a letter from its regular correspondent at Washington, from which we take the following significant extracts:

"The national and political considerations involved in the matter have been brought out into leading prominence within the past ten days. During that time several of our ablest most discreet public men—Republicans I mean—have presented to the President and to some of the Cabinet the vital necessity of providing for the future security of the Government, and for the preservation and permanency of the results of the war, in the appointment of these Judges. It is proper to say that there seemed to be danger that in some quarters the single element of judicial fitness would be permitted to outweigh and overrule all other considerations, but I think that danger has been dispated. It never existed with the President, and I doubt if it exists anywhere now. The inappropriateness, not to say the absurdity, of selecting a man for such an important position, simply on the ground of his ability as lawyer or of his reputation among lawyers, could never exist long anywhere except in the brain of a man who felt more highly than the crochets or technicalities of the law, and who consequently could only look with contempt upon politics, the very marrow of our Government. Judicial fitness, in an eminent degree, will be an indispensable condition, but with it must be what is even of greater importance, a thorough sympathy with the Government and its institutions as they stand to-day; a hearty concurrence and approval of the results which are the legacy of the war; and a sincere support of the Constitution as it is, rather than the Constitution as was. It is in these respects that the new Judges will make their strongest impress upon our jurisprudence and our institutions, and it is in these respects that their qualifications and claims should be most thoroughly examined. The evil consequences to ensue to the country in the future by such mistakes as Mr. Lincoln made in some of his appointments to the Supreme Court cannot be easily over-estimated, and should—I have good reason to believe—be avoided by President Grant. Not, by any means, that politics, pure and simple, should control in these selections, but that sympathy with the idea of the National Government as it exists to-day—and a belief in a strong central power as the only permanent safety of the Union—is a political and not a judicial consideration, and candidates should possess that qualification equally with the other, or stand aside.

"Therefore, political consideration like these must largely rule in the selection, and it is a fact viewed with much satisfaction here, that the suggestions advanced by prominent men during the past week—but with a view to impress their importance upon the appointing power, have been favorably received."

Such is the information communicated to the Times by its correspondent, and it is but just to conclude, that the "Regular Correspondent" at Washington, of a Radical Journal of the talent and respectability of the Times, exercising a decided influence on the Administration and the party in power, is well posted on matters of this sort communicated by him, and does in fact, but fore-shadows the action of the President and Senate, in the appointment of these Judges.

The plain English then of what this correspondent says, is this, that the controlling consideration in the appointment of the Judges, is to be partisan and political, and not judicial fitness, as he expresses it in the person to be appointed. There must be "a thorough sympathy with the Government and its institutions, as they stand to-day," a hearty concurrence and approval of the results which are the legacy of the war; and a sincere support of the Constitution, as it is, rather than the Constitution, as it was; and, "a belief in a strong central power, as the only permanent safety of the Union." In other words, the persons to be appointed, must be thorough Radicals, identified in all respects with the Administration and the party in power, so that the judicial department of the Government may be brought to act in harmony with the Executive and Executive Departments, and as the three departments are

executive and judicial, should be kept separate and distinct, each to act independently in its own appointed sphere, and so serve as a check on the other, and a balance to the whole system?

And again is it not, in this system, the peculiar province of the Judiciary to construe the Constitution, and the laws made under it, and to judge of and define the extent of the powers granted by that instrument to the other Departments as well as to its own? and to do this, was it not considered essential by the patriotic founders of the Government, that there should be a virtuous, learned and independent judiciary, free from all taint of partisan bias and control? Such we believe, were the principles engrafted on the Constitution, and such the teachings of statesmen who established the Government, and who ought to have known "the work of their own hands," but "old things have past away, and all things have become new," under the Constitution, as it is, and not only has it ceased to be regarded as a virtue by many, to reverence the memories of these statesmen of the past, and their teachings, but who knows, how long before the time may come, when to do so, will be punished as a crime.

The long absence of worth and ability from the counsels and high officers of the State, together with the silence, which self respect, and disgust have imposed upon the real talent of the land, has permitted many little men, and some bad ones to rise to the surface, who, judging their merits, by those whom they see around them, have conceivd themselves to be of a greatness, and importance to the State, that would be ludicrous, if we could repress the disgust which such a state of things in Virginia, must beget in every true man. It has had a very melancholy effect upon many of these men, whom accident or pliance of morals has placed in the management of affairs. This sudden foretaste of political power and legislative dignity, has come upon many of them, with such novel force, that it has well nigh shattered their poor reasons, making the one strangely forgetful of his pledges, and so inflating another, as to make us seriously uneasy, lest by excessive inflation, he shall share the fate of that unhappy frog of whom Esop gives such an instructive history. Surely he, who could take all the accumulated woes of poor Virginia, upon his frail shoulders, seek out such a man as Butler, before whom to unburthen Virginia's griefs, and undertake to pledge, to Butler, that Virginia will be guaranteed, that she has made to her people and to the United States, must be effected by a lunacy, as violent if less pure in its phrenzied purposes, than that of the poor knight of de la Mancha.

We had thought that the fusion of the Conservatives with the respectable wing of the Republican party in the State, induced by promises of the President, that the three most objectionable clauses of the Constitution should be subjected to a separate vote, the adoption of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, notwithstanding the bad faith practised in reference to the county organization clause was all that would be required at the hands of Virginia, and that if these measures were effected, that not only the President, but Congress was virtually pledged to the admission of Virginia to her place among the States without further exaction. Yet one thing is wanted, incense, to Butler, the Speaker of the House of Delegates of Virginia, is at hand, and makes the sacrifice. Little reaks he of sacrifice, or to what God he bows; if any fossil voice in the land, shall cry "shame, he has patent brand engraved Old Fogyism and Resolutions of '98 and '99, with which to stamp and sear out, every rising impulse of self respect and the memory of the wisdom of our fathers.

As to this forgetfulness of pledges, which some are effected, our needs

it should be the constant object of his declining years, to place Virginia, under the control of Virginians, within the pale of the Union. All this he proclaimed, with so much eloquence, that he won over several worthy and intelligent old gentlemen to his support, and thereby succeeded in defeating the real Conservative candidate.

Bearing in mind all these things, our readers will not fail to remember the report of the Washington correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch, to be found in another column; which informs us, that Mr. Joseph Segar is in Washington and has filed his objections to the admission of Virginia into the Union. Farewell Mr. Segar, make the most of your mess of potage.

We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the Festival, which will be held by the Ladies of Bethlehem Methodist Church on the 27th inst.

In addition to the worthy object, for which this Festival is held, which should be sufficient of itself to attract persons from all parts of the County, it affords an opportunity for one of those social reunions of persons at every age, that cannot fail to be productive of good.

In another column will be found a card, offering an opportunity for enjoyment, which we are satisfied, the social and pleasure loving people of Mathews and Gloucester will be glad to avail themselves of. The high standing of Mr. Dunlavy, as a hotel keeper, is an ample guarantee for the refinement and bounteous cheer that will grace this entertainment.

Our readers will be glad to learn, that the political disabilities of Judge Joseph Christian have been removed. We wish we could herald the like of some of the able and experienced men of this county, whose wisdom and experience will be so much needed, in the inauguration of the Government under the new Constitution.

From Washington.

The Reconstruction Committee met at 10 o'clock this morning. There was a full attendance. The different delegations of Virginians were present, as also several members of Congress elect.

Mr. Wardwell, Superintendent of the State Penitentiary, was asked some questions in relation to the number of prisoners in that institution, white and black. After giving the necessary statistics, the committee requested that all persons who had papers to present should do so. Then Congressman Platt (Radical) presented a speech praying the instant admission of Virginia, and Congressman Porter presented one against admitting Virginia. Congressman Segar presented one against the admission of the State as at present constituted, as did also several individual citizens of the State. Mr. Hughes editor and proprietor of the State Journal (Radical), presented a paper representing the bolting wing of the Radical Convention, asking the speedy admission of State. He also presented a letter received by him from ex-Governor Wells, in which the latter gentleman expressed his earnest desire that Virginia shall be admitted at once, without any further conditions; also that Congress shall pass an act of general amnesty, placing all citizens on the same footing as to their right to vote, hold office serve on juries, etc. He further says such policy will remove all cause and excuse of dissatisfaction, and place the Republican party on the highest ground in State politics, etc.

A dispatch was received from General Canby by General Butler, announcing that his report of his administration of civil justice in Virginia whilst he has been Military Governor has been transmitted to Congress through the Secretary of War. None were allowed to deliver any speeches, and the room was cleared, the committee remaining in secret session for nearly two hours. The result of the consultation was the appointment of a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Pains, Ward, and Beck, to take charge of the numerous documents and prepare them for printing, and to report the same on Tuesday morning next, to which the committee adjourned. Mr. Pains presented a number of documents to the order of the day.

The latter called Lent from an Anglo-Saxon term signifying a fast day.

Synopsis of the President's Message.

President Grant, in his annual message to Congress which met on Monday, expressed the profoundest gratitude for things generally, and stated that through the efforts of Congress have not been as successful as desirable, still they were quite as much so as could reasonably have been anticipated.

Recommends that Georgia (which has not adopted the Fifteenth Amendment) be reconstructed so as to turn out white delegates and replace them by blacks, who were illegally elected.

That Virginia, having done all that was required, be admitted.

That an immediate resumption if practicable, is not desirable, and fluctuations in gold be stopped by authorizing the Treasury to enlarge its stock operations by redeeming legal-tenders for gold at a fixed price and selling them again if applied for.

That overdue Government six per cent bonds be wrapped for four and a quarter per cents., if the thing can be managed. That, as the revenue is already larger than is needed, and promises to increase, the exorbitant tariff be not interfered with for the present.

That for the same reason, the Income Tax, at 3 per cent., be continued for three years longer.

That the dignity of the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue be made commensurate with the importance of the gentleman who fills it.

That although this Government sympathizes with Cuba, belligerent rights cannot be accorded to the Cubans until the contest warrants it.

That an interoceanic canal be built at Darien, if it can be done by private enterprise.

That as he did not feel authorized to detain the Spanish gunboats, he tied them up in law courts.

That the Alabama questions be settled so soon as England appreciates the gravity of their character and removes the sense of unfriendliness to this country manifested during its struggle for existence.

That for the purpose of cultivating our relations with China, the importation of Chinese coolies be prohibited.

That to enable us to fulfil our obligations the whole public debt should be declared payable in coin.

That as the Tenure of Office could not have been intended to embarrass the President, it had better be repealed.

That to quiet the Indians, whom he calls the nation's wards, and prevent strife, all the tribes be exiled to remote reservations.

That as the franking privilege is simply a abuse, it be repealed.

The Message then compliments the munificence of Congress, recommends liberal appropriations to the Agricultural Bureau and increased pay to the Judges of the Supreme Court. It alludes gracefully to the patriotism and statesmanship of members of Congress, wisely, however, abstaining from the mention of particular names, and closes with a promise of a rigid adherence to and a strict enforcement of all laws, including amendments, no doubt.

The Grand Lodge of Masons of Virginia have elected Thos. F. Owens, of Norfolk, Grand Master; Wm. L. Maulo, of Richmond, Deputy Grand Master; Robert E. Withers, of Lynchburg, Senior Warden; Wm. H. Lambert, Junior Warden; Thos. U. Dudley, of Richmond, Grand Treasurer; Dr. John Dove, of Richmond, Grand Secretary; Wm. B. Taliaferro, of Gloucester, Senior Deacon; Judge Richard Parker, Junior Deacon.

Religious Notice.

[For the Herald.]

Abingdon Parish, Advent Service, Christmas Day.

Advent and Lent are two seasons in the ecclesiastical year, set apart by the apostolic church from the earliest times of christianity, and specially observed by the Protestant Episcopal church for the revival of religious feeling, piety and devotion among its members. Advent to remind of the Saviour that came in the flesh as the "Great Teacher," and redeemer of mankind, who is still coming by his spirit to his church in his word, ministers and ordinances, and who will come at the last day to judge both quick and dead; and Lent to admonish of sin, to recall to remembrance the inestimable benefits of redemption through the life, passion, death and resurrection of the son of God, the man Jesus crucified on Calvary.

The latter called Lent from an Anglo-Saxon term signifying a fast day.

Retrenchment, Retrenchment.

Reduce your expenses

by buying your goods at

H. YEATMAN AND CO.,

GLOUCESTER C. H., VA.

We offer no baits, but all we advertise and say, we mean.

NEW GOODS FOR CHRISTMAS.

Just received, this day, per steamer Admiral, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Lemons, Oranges, Apples, Almonds, Butter Nuts, Candy, plain and fancy, Cooking Wine, Rum, Old Whiskey, Spices, Fire Works, Toys.

Also, LADIES DRESS GOODS, Cloaks, Breakfast Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery, Prints, Cassimeres, Notions, and many other desirable and Seasonable goods.

Purchasing exclusively for cash, selecting with great care and a practical knowledge of the wants of this community, we feel confident that in prices we can offer great inducements.

We are also agents for I. H. STARKES

DIXIE PLOWS.

The undersigned, being with this house, will take great pleasure in showing goods.

A. P. DAVIES,

C. E. GARY,

SAMUEL GARY, Jr.

Terms Cash, or Produce.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The mill site, with 12½ acres of land attached, formerly owned by Robt. C. Robins, situated upon the York river road, near Hickory fork, and within five miles of Clay bank wharf. The dam and flood gate have just been completed in the most substantial manner. For terms apply to J. M. NICOLSON, Gloucester C. H., Va.

Macubbin & Donovan, LAND AGENTS,

MATHEWS C. H., VA.

We continue to tender our services for the sale of real estate, in the counties of Mathews, Gloucester, Middlesex and King and Queen. We have already sold many tracts at fair prices, and from our correspondence have reason to expect many purchases on during the winter and spring. Persons desiring to sell their lands not at high, but at reasonable prices, will do well to place them on our lists before the first of January, about which time we will issue another circular for general distribution. No charge will be made, either for advertising or showing lands, unless a sale is effected.

JOHN B. DONOVAN. PEYTON N. PAGE.

DONOVAN & PAGE,

Attorneys at Law

Will Practice Regularly in

The Courts of Gloucester, Middlesex, York and King and Queen Counties, the Bankrupt Courts at Richmond and Norfolk, and the District Court of Appeals at Williamsburg.

Address Donovan & Page,

GLOUCESTER, C. H.

Or JOHN B. DONOVAN, Mathews C. H. Nov. 27, 1869-ly.

WILLIAM SKEEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Covington, Va.,

Buys and sells and acts as agent for the purchase and sale of lands in Virginia and West Virginia.

Practices in the courts of Alleghany, Botetourt, Bath and Highland, Virginia, in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, in Circuit and District Courts of the United States, at Richmond, in District Court, at Charlottesville, and Courts of Appeals, at Richmond, Va.

Refers to the Judges of the Supreme and District Courts of Virginia, and to the officers of the late Virginia Central and Covington and Ohio railroads, of which he was attorney. dec 5-ly

WM. B. TALIAFERRO.

Attorney at Law,

Gloucester Court House, Va.

Practices in the Courts of Gloucester, Mathews, Middlesex, York, and King and Queen Counties, and in the U. S. Courts at Richmond.

Special Attention to Collection of Claims, AND TO PROCEEDINGS IN BANKRUPTCY.

He also offers his services to persons wishing to invest in lands in the above mentioned Counties, to examine titles and advise as to purchases. Nov. 27, 1869-ly.

M. E. SEAWELL. J. N. STUBBS.

SEAWELL & STUBBS,

Attorney at Law,

OFFICE, GLOUCESTER C. H., VA.

Will practice in the Circuit and County Courts of Gloucester, Mathews, Middlesex, King and Queen and York counties, in the Circuit Courts of James city and city of Williamsburg, in the Appellate Courts of Virginia, and in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States at Richmond. dec 11-ly

PERIN KEMP,

Attorney at Law,

Gloucester Court House Va

Will practice in the Circuit and County Courts of Gloucester, Mathews, Middlesex and York, and in the Circuit Courts of King and Queen and King William counties.

Special Attention to Collection of Claims.

W. E. STEWART,

Attorney, Solicitor and Proctor,

OFFICE, 28 LAW BUILDING,

LEFINGTON STREET, NEAR ST. PAUL,

BALTIMORE, Md.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We beg leave to call the attention of PARENTS AND GUARDIANS to our large and varied assortment of

TOYS, TOYS,

TOYS, TOYS,

suitable for both sexes and for all ages, also to our splendid assortment of

FRENCH and AMERICAN KISSES,

ROUND, FLAT, PLATED and

BRAIDED CANDY, PEANUT and ALMOND

CANDY, FRUIT, and

FRUIT, CRFAM,

MARSTMALLA, CINNAMON

and WINE DROPS,

THE GLOUCESTER

HERALD:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

AT

GLOUCESTER C. H., VIRGINIA.

Office Adjoining

PEYTON N. PAGE'S

LAW OFFICE.

J. H. ROWLENSON,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM,

IN ADVANCE.

Saddle & Harness MAKING.

FARMERS AND HORSEMEN
Look to Your Interest!

The undersigned, having established himself at Gloucester Court House, in the above named business, respectfully invites the public generally to come and examine his stock of **SADDLES & HARNESS**, which he is offering at very low prices.

SADDLES & HARNESS

Made to order, and in the best workmanlike manner, and out of the best material.

REPAIRING

of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch. Thankful for past patronage, he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

ALEXANDER SHACKLEFORD.

Prepare for Christmas!

Just opened and for sale by

Puller & Talbott.

CONFECTIONARIES and FRUITS.

Embracing Plain and Fancy Candies,

RAISINS, CITRONS, FIGS.

Pecan, English Walnut, Almond, Cocoa, and other nuts,

Cinnamon, Mace,

Clives, Allspice, &c., &c.

We also call the attention of epicures to our assortment of

PURE OLIVE OIL, WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, &c.

CHAMPAGNE, by the bottle or case.

dec 11

HOTEL.

The undersigned, begs leave to acknowledge the many favors heretofore bestowed upon his House, and to solicit a continuance of the same. He is now better than ever prepared to furnish meals and lodging to his guests and the transient public. His table will be found always to abound in the best that the market affords, and his Bar with the best that can be had.

C. C. FIELD.

This house adjoins the Post-Office and the Bar-Room at his old stand.

THE DIAMOND

HOOP SKIRT MANUFACTURING CO.

M. KEATING.
SUCCESSOR TO

Peters & Woolley,
NO. 47 N. GAY STREET,
BALTIMORE

Heywood & Robins.

Would respectfully invite the attention of their friends and the public to their large and varied stock of goods comprising a full assortment of such goods as are usually found in a country store. Buyers are earnestly solicited to examine their stock before making their purchases, they have on hand a stock well adapted to the wants of the community and believe that in quality and price they cannot fail to please.

THE BEST LADY'S BOOK.

Peterson's Magazine!

Retrenchment

This popular Monthly contains more for for the money than any in the world. It has, every year, nearly 1000 pages, 14 steel plates, 12 double-sized mammoth colored steel plates, and 900 wood engravings—and all this for only **TWO DOLLARS A YEAR**, or a dollar less than Magazines of its class. Every lady ought to take "Peterson" It is emphatically,

THE BEST MAGAZINE.

The stories in "Peterson" are conceded to be the best published anywhere. All the chief female writers of America are regular contributors. In addition, to the usual number of shorter stories, there is being given in 1869, Five Original Copyrighted Novelets, viz: **MARIA ANTOINETTE'S TALISMAN**, by Mas. Ann S Stephens; **THE MYSTERY OF BLACKWOOD GRANGE**, by Mrs. M. A Fleming; **The Story of Maggie**, by the author of *Susie L's Diary*; **Life and Death**, by Agnes James; **Kate's Winter in Washington**, by Frank Lee Benedict.

In its illustrations also, "Peterson" is unrivalled. The Publisher challenges a comparison between its Steel and other Engravings, and those in similar Magazine, and one steel engraving, at least, is given in each number.

Each number contains a double-size Fashion Plate, engraved on steel, and handsomely colored. These fine plates contain from five to six figures each, and any thing of the kind. In addition, wood cuts of the newest bonnets hats caps, head-dresses, clozaks, jackets, ball dresses walking dresses, house dresses, etc., etc., will appear in each number. Also the greatest variety of children's dresses. Also diagrams, by the aid of which a cloak, dress, or child's costume can be cut out without the aid of a mantua-maker so that each diagram in this way alone will save a year's subscription. The Paris, London, Philadelphia and New York fashions are described, in full each month.

Magazine is wholly unrivalled. Every number contains a dozen or more patterns in every variety of Fancy-work Crochet Embroidery, Bead-work Shell-work, Hair-work, etc., etc., Superb Colored Patterns for Slippers, Purses, Chair Seats &c., given—each of which at a retail store would cost Fifty Cents.

The original Household receipts of Peterson, are quite famous. For 1869 our "Cook Book" is being continued. Every one of these receipts has been tested. This alone is worth the price of "Peterson." Other receipts for the Toilette, Sick-room, etc., are given. It is economy in housekeeping to take "Peterson."

New and Fashionable Music in every number. Also Hints on Horticulture, interesting

PULLER & TALBOTT'S

Peterson's Magazine

COLUMN,

Read! Read!!

Owing to fresh arrivals, our **FALL & WINTER STOCK** of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c., is now complete embracing in part:

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

STRIPED & SHOTTED FOPLINS,

RED, BLUE & GREEN TARTAN PLAIDS,

PLAIN & STRIPED MOHAIRS,

CHENE POPLINS, SERGES

MERINO'S, REP'S, ALPACCA'S &c.,

Black Poplins and other Mourning goods,

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY.

Also a full assortment of Worsted goods:

HOODS,

SHAWLS, COMFORTS,

PACKS,

FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Cashmere, Beaver and Repellant Cloths for

LADIES AND MISSES CLOAKS.

Blue and Scarlet Opera Cloths, Boulevard

Skirts, and Balmorals of all grades and

patterns, and Prints of every descrip-

tion. Our assortment of Notions

and White goods is as com-

plete as to be found, embrac-

ing Ladies, Gents and Misses Kid,

Tweed and Fleece lined Gloves, Kid

and Buck Gaunlets of all sizes, and style.

Hosiery of all Grades,

Embracing the finest ever offered in this

country. Plain, Striped and Plated Collars,

French and American Corsets &c. Striped

and Check Muslin, Dimity, Bishops, Lawns,

Grenadines, Brilliant, Peque, Cambrie, dot-

ted, Figured and Swiss Muslins of all grades.

BOOTS & SHOES

For Ladies, Gents, Misses and Children's

wear is complete, and in endless variety,

comprising:

BRUSH AND GLOVE KID CONGRESS GAITERS,

PEBBLE GOAT and KID BALMORALS,

LASTING GAITORS and BALMORALS,

Polish Boots, Slippers, Over-Shoes, Sewed

and Pegged Boots, and shoes of all sizes and

grades.

READY MADE CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

We also offer to the public a complete assort-

ment of

QUEENSWARE, CROCKERY,

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE,

TINWARE.

The Greatest Romance of the Age!

WILL BE READY, NEXT WEEK,
in the columns of—

The New York Weekly
a new and

DEEPLY EXCITING ROMANCE,
from the pen of the famous

E. Z. C. JUDSON.

the greatest of living romance writers, and well known as a temperance lecturer of great ability, and who will be readily recognized under his world-renowned *non-de-plume* of

NED BUNTLINE

under which name he has written over one hundred popular romances.

NED BUNTLINE

has been engaged to write exclusively for **THE NEW YORK WEEKLY.**

In engaging this writer, we are aware of possessing the only man in America whose life, from boyhood to the present date, has been literally an almost constant scene of living adventure. His travel has been literally world-wide; his stories, therefore, are descriptively nearer life, perhaps, than those of any other writer.

The first one of **LAND ADVENTURE**, to be commenced next week in our columns, will be

BUFFALO BILL,

THE KING OF BORDER-MEN.

All letters must be directed to

STREET & SMITH,
Office, 55 Fulton St.

Box 4396, N. Y.

THE

OLD DOMINION

ON COTTON.

The undersigned having repaired the

BRICK HOTEL.

intends to carry on the business in the best style, and will supply his table with the best that the market affords.

His bar, under the management of

THOS. H. WRIGHT,

will be furnished with the best liquors.

His tables are fitted for the accommodation of all. He is also prepared to send persons or furnish them with horse and team.

Thankful for past patronage, he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

dec 5 **A. A. USILTON,**

FIRST CLASS

Boarding House,

SHARP STREET,

THE HOME CIRCLE

A CHOICE AND ELEGANT WEEKLY JOURNAL,
TAD THE GEM OF THE LITERARY PRESS.

The corps of contributors comprise the best story-writers of the present day.

It is not limited to any class or district, but cheers the homes and gladdens the firesides of every station in the Union.

It is just such a paper as any father, brother, or friend would desire to introduce into their home circle for amusement and instruction.

ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED

with fine Engravings, and beautifully printed on clear, white paper, with new type.

Though the HOME CIRCLE is as large, and in many cases larger and better than any three-dollar weekly published at the present day, the publisher has been enabled, on account of the enormous circulation the paper started with, to put the paper at once at the following remarkably low prices.

Terms in Advance;

1 subscribers, one year - - - \$ 3 00
4 subscribers, one year - - - 7 00
10 subscribers, one year - - - 15 00

And one gratis to the getter-up of a club of ten, all to be sent in at one time.

After a club of ten has been sent, the getter-up will have a right to add, at any time, one or more subscribers to begin and end with his club, at \$1.50 each.

One copy of the "HOME CIRCLE" and one copy of "GLEASON'S LITERARY COMPANION," together, one year, \$4.50.

Specimen copies will be sent free to any one wishing to see the paper before subscribing.

Single Copies, Five Cents.

For sale by all the principal Newsdealers in the United States.

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F. GLEASON.

BLACKSMITH, WHEELWRIGHT

AND

CARRIAGE MAKING.

GEORGE W. COX,

Gloucester Court House

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he is now manufacturing

CARRIAGES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

He has supplied himself with the best material, and having in his employ the following gentlemen: **MR. CHARLES H. HARPER, MR. E. T. CLEMENTS** and **JAS. W. GASKINS**, all practical workmen, is prepared to do all work embraced in his line of business, in the

MOST APPROVED STYLE!

and upon such terms as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to all.

REPAIRING

of every description, **TRIMMING, PAINTING** &c., done at short notice. In addition to the above business he is prepared to mend all kinds of Machinery, Guns &c.,

He hopes by paying strict attention to business to merit and receive a liberal share of the public's patronage.

GEORGE W. COX.
Nov. 27, 1869.

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We offer a large Stock of goods, consisting of such articles as are usually found in a country store. Selected with great care and knowledge of wants of this community. Purchasing exclusively for cash we are prepared to sell at very low prices, **TERMS CASH**, or produce at cash prices.

H. YEATMAN & CO.

The undersigned being with this house will take great pleasure in showing goods.

A. P. DAVIES,
C. E. CARY,
S. B. CARY.

The Observer

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT

CNTR VILLE, MARYLAND.

Is one of the cheapest and best advertising papers published on the Eastern shore

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Attorneys at Law

Will Practice Regularly in
The Courts of Gloucester, Middlesex, York
and King and Queen Counties, the Bank
rupt Courts at Richmond and Nor-
folk, and the District Court of
Appeals at Williamsburg.

Address Donovan & Page,
GLOUCESTER, C. H.
Or JOHN B. DONOVAN, Mathews C. H.
Nov. 27, 1869-1y.

WILLIAM SKEEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Covington, Va.,

Buys and sells and acts as agent for the
purchase and sale of lands in Virginia and
West Virginia.
Practices in the courts of Alleghany, Bote-
court, Bath and Highland, Virginia, in Poca-
hontas county, West Virginia, in Circuit and
District Courts of the United States, at Rich-
mond, in District Court, at Charlottesville,
and Courts of Appeals, at Richmond, Va.

Refers to the Judges of the Supreme
and District Courts of Virginia, and to the
officers of the late Virginia Central and Cov-
ington and Ohio railroads, of which he was
attorney.
dec 5-1y

WM. B. TALIAFERRO,
Attorney at Law,

Gloucester Court House, Va.
Practices in the Courts of Gloucester, Mat-
thews, Middlesex, York, and King and
Queen Counties, and in the U. S.
Courts at Richmond.

Special Attention to Collection of Claims,
AND TO PROCEEDINGS IN BANKRUPTCY.

He also offers his services to persons
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as to purchases.
Nov. 27, 1869-1y.

PERIN KEMP,
Attorney at Law,

Gloucester Court House Va
Will practice in the Circuit and County
Courts of Gloucester, Mathews, Middlesex
and York, and in the Circuit Courts of King
& Queen and King William counties.

Special Attention to Collection of Claims.
**Saddle & Harness
MAKING.**

**FARMERS AND HORSEMEN
Look to Your Interest!**

The undersigned, having established him-
self at Gloucester Court House, in the above
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SADDLE & HARNESS

Made to order, and in the best workmanlike
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REPAIRING

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uance of the same.

ALEXANDER SHACKLEFORD.
HOTEL.

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edge the many favors heretofore bestowed
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dec 5 A. A. USILTON,

The Greatest Romance of the Age!
WILL BE READY, NEXT WEEK,
in the columns of
The New York Weekly
a new and
DEEPLY EXCITING ROMANCE,
from the pen of the famous

E. Z. C. JUDSON.

the greatest of living romance writers, and
well known as a temperance lecturer of great
ability, and who will be readily recognized
under his world-renowned *nonde-plume* of

NED BUNTLINE
under which name he has written over one
hundred popular romances.

has been engaged to write exclusively for
THE NEW YORK WEEKLY.
In engaging this writer, we are aware of
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THE KING OF BORDER-MEN.

STREET & SMITH,

Office, 55 Fulton St.,
Box 4396, N. Y.

Heywood & Robins.

Would respectfully invite attention to
the numerous pledges
which some are effecting
in our
Departments,
as the three domestics

Peterson's Magazine!

This popular Monthly contains more
for for the money than any in the world
It has, every year, nearly 1000 pages,
14 steel plates, 12 double-sized mammoth
colored steel plates, and 900 wood engra-
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head-dresses, clozks, jockets, ball dresses,
walking dresses, house dyesses, etc., etc.,
will appear in each number. Also the
greatest variety of children's dresses. Al-
so the greatest variety of children's dresses.
Also diagrams, by the aid of which a
cloak, dress, or child's costume can be
cut out without the aid of a mantua-maker
so that each diagram in this way alone,
will save a year's subscription. The Pa-
ris, London, Philadelphia and New York
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Magazine is wholly unrivalled. Every
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Embroidery, Bead-work Shell-work, Ha-
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New and Fashionable Music in every
number. Also Hints on Horticulture,
Equestrianism, and all matters interesting
to ladies.

Retrenchment.

Reduce your expenses

by buying your goods at

H. YEATMAN AND CO.,
GLOUCESTER C. H., VA.

We offer no baits, but all we advertise and say,
we mean.

**BLACKSMITH, WHEELWRIGHT
AND
CARRIAGE MAKING.**

Purchasing exclusively for cash, selecting
with great care and a practical knowledge of
the wants of this community, we feel confi-
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We are also agents for I. H. STARKES

DIXIE PLOWS.

The undersigned, being with this house,
will take great pleasure in showing goods.

A. P. DAVIES,
C. E. CARY,
SAMUEL CARY, Jr.

Terms Cash. or Produce.

**VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR
SALE.**

The mill site, with 12 1/2 acres of land at-
tached, formerly owned by Robt. C. Robins,
situated upon the York river road, near
Hickory fork, and within five miles of Clay-
bank wharf. The dam and flood gates have
just been completed in the most substantial
manner. For terms apply to
J. M. NICOLSON,
Gloucester C. H., Va.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING
carried on by
HENRY BURGESS.

The undersigned who has for
some time past, been established
near the Courthouse, in the manu-
facture of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

now prepared

PULLER & TALBOTT'S
A CHOICE AND ELEGANT WEEKLY JOURNAL,
TAD THE GEM OF THE LITERARY PRESS.

The corps of contributors comprise the
best story-writers of the present day.
It is not limited to any class or district, but
cheers the homes and gladdens the firesides
of every station in the Union.
It is just such a paper as any father, brother,
or friend would desire to introduce into
their home circle for amusement and instruc-
tion.

ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED
with fine Engravings, and beautifully printed
on clear, white paper, with new type.

Though the HOME CIRCLE is as large,
and in many cases larger and better than any
three-dollar weekly published at the present
day, the publisher has been enabled, on ac-
count of the enormous circulation the paper
started with, to put the paper at once at the
following remarkably low prices.

Terms, in Advance;
1 subscribers, one year - - - \$ 3 00
4 subscribers, one year - - - 7 00
10 subscribers, one year - - - 15 00

And one gratis to the getter-up of a club
of ten, all to be sent in at one time.
After a club of ten has been sent, the
getter-up will have a right to add, at any
time, one or more subscribers to begin and
end with his club, at \$1.50 each.

One copy of the "HOME CIRCLE" and one
copy of "GLEASON'S LITERARY COMPANION,"
together, one year, \$4.50.
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For sale by all the principal Newsdealers
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Published every Saturday, at 40 Summer
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dec 5 F. GLEASON.

**BLACKSMITH, WHEELWRIGHT
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CARRIAGE MAKING.**

RESTEPECTFULLY informs the public that
he is now manufacturing

CARRIAGES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

He has supplied himself with the best ma-
terial, and having in his employ the follow-
ing gentlemen: **MR. CHARLES H. HARPER, MR.
E. T. CLEMENTS and JAS. W. GASKINS**, all
practical workmen, is prepared to do all work
embraced in his line of business, in the
MOST APPROVED STYLE!
and upon such terms as cannot fail to give
entire satisfaction to all.

REPAIRING
of every description, TRIMMING, PAINTING
&c., done at short notice. In addition to the
above business he is prepared to mend all
kinds of Machinery, Guns, &c., &c.
He hopes by paying strict attention to busi-
ness to merit and receive a liberal share of
the public's patronage.
GEORGE W. COX,
Nov. 27, 1869.

GRAFF & NORRIS.

**LAW AND REAL ESTATE ATTORNEYS,
AGENTS AND CONVEYANCERS.**
No. 5 St. PAUL STREET,
BALTIMORE MD.

BUY, Sell, Lease, Rent, Mortgage and

attend to all kinds of Real Estate, in the city
or country, Loan and procure money on
Mortgage, collect all kinds of Claims, and
attend to all business in the Equity, Orphans
and other Courts in the city, counties, and
Court of Appeals.
Nov. 27, 1869-1y

**COLUMN,
GLOUCESTER**

Read! Read!!

Owing to fresh arrivals, our FALL & WIN-
TER STOK of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c.,
is now complete embracing in part:

**EMPRESS CLOTHS,
STRIPED & SHOTTED POPLINS,
RED, BLUE & GREEN TARTAN PLAIN,
PLAIN & STRIPED MOHAIRS,
CHENE POPLINS, SERGES,
MERINO'S, REP'S, ALPACCA'S &c.,**

Black Poplins and other Mourning goods,
WE MAKE A SPECIALITY.
Also a full assortment of Worsted goods:
**HOODS,
SHAWLS, COMFORTS,
SACKS,
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.**

Chinchilla, Beaver and Repellant Cloth's for
LADIES AND MISSES CLOAKS.

Blue and Scarlet Opera Cloths, Boulevard
Skirts, and Balmorals of all grades and
patterns, and Prints of every descrip-
tion. Our assortment of Notions
and White goods is as com-
plete as to be found, embrac-
ing Ladies, Gents and Misses Kid,
Thread and Fleecy lined Gloves, Kid
and Buck Gauntlets of all sizes, and style.

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BRUSH AND GLOVE AND GAWLESS GAITERS,

**PEBBLE GOAT and KID BALMORALS,
LASTING GAITERS and BALMORALS,**

**Polish Boots, Slippers, Over-Shoes, Sewed
and Pegged Boots, and shoes of all sizes and
grades.**

READY MADE CLOTHING

**AND
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.**

AND

QUEENSWARE, CROCKERY,

We also offer to the public a complete assort-
ment of

Nov. 27, 1869-1y