

Dear Sir,

Phil^a Dec^r 11th 1799.

As yet this place has afforded so little to write about that I have written but very few letters. The President's speech you must have seen in the papers & yesterday we agreed to the answer reported without an amendment & without much being said. There were members on both sides that disliked ^{that} part of it which spoke of the mission to France.

This was a measure not relished by some of the friends to war and their wish was to say nothing about it. The leaders in the opposition on the contrary were highly pleased with it & was desirous that an approbation should be expressed in stronger terms, but the objection was that in doing this they might increase the popularity of the President & therefore the thing was suffered to pass over as it was.

With respect to my own opinion on this subject I have no doubt but the envoys ought to have been sent. The ruler of France had given the assurances which the President had declared necessary & professed a great desire to settle the differences between the two Nations, under these circumstances it was his duty to meet the advances which they had made. It is true enough that these people cannot be rely'd on, but when is this objection to be removed: if we are not to negotiate with ~~the~~ ^{these} people until they become virtuous some approach of perpetual state of war may be expected. It is thought by some that to negotiate with France will produce a rupture with Great-Britain; if this is true I am ready to acknowledge that the latter can injure this

Dec^r 11. 1799

Michaelburg

Major Genl. Smith

Should you to send the letter to Mr. Hancock in care
as you think

Country much more than the former & if we must be at War it would be better for us that it was with France, but I cannot be persuaded that this will be the Case nor indeed do I feel disposed to ask Liberty of our Nation to settle amicably any differences which we may have with another.

There is still much said in the Newspapers about British depredations on our Commerce and before I made enquiry here I felt great fears that that Nation ~~was~~ was disposed to break with this, but the result of my enquiry is that only one case of this kind has been laid before the Executive, it is impossible therefore that these complaints can be well founded. The truth I believe is, that these Captures are made on Contraband trade which the Merchants are doing the business in their names for French & Spanish Houses and are satisfied that no loss could not be had if they were to complain, I suppose notwithstanding the Captures they find enough of their vessels escape to make it worth pursuing.

I still entertain a hope that moderation & temper will govern the proceedings of this Session. The leaders in the opposition still seem sulky & keep much to themselves, but as there is great temper & moderation observed towards them it may be a means of cooling them down.

It was not until yesterday that we got fairly underway in our House, after the Address was agreed to, the several matters recommended by the President were taken up & referred to Committees, a Committee is also appointed to bring in a Bill on the subject of Bankruptcy, this with the Alteration proposed to be made in the Judiciary System will probably take up a great part of the Session which I hope will end in March. Remember me to all & am

Yrs Affectionately

Seven Powell

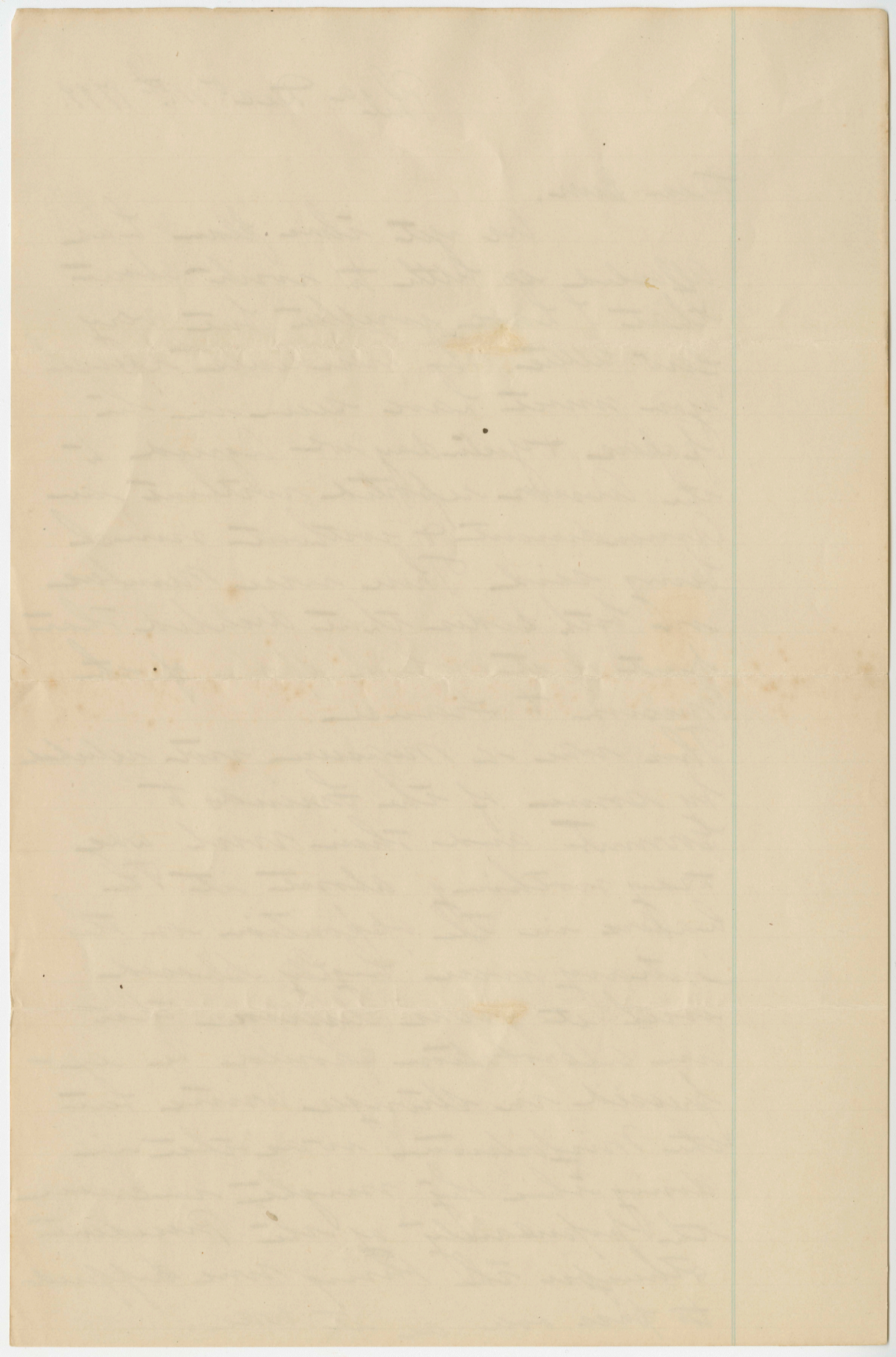
Wm B. Powell

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This was a measure not relished by some of the friends to Government and their wish was to say nothing about it. The leaders in the opposition on the contrary were highly pleased with it & was desirous that an approbation should be expressed in stronger words, but the misfortune was that in doing this they might increase the popularity of the President & therefore the thing was suffered to pass over as it was.



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but when is this objection to be
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Majr B. Powell

Dec 11. 1949

Wynne Owen Jones
H. Adkins