

Dec. 25. 1799

Major Ben Smith

Mounting  
down in County  
Virginia

Dear Sir,

Phil<sup>a</sup> Dec<sup>r</sup> 25<sup>th</sup> 1799.

I think this must be the fourth letter which I have written to you & in one of them enclose one to your Mother and as yet I have not rec<sup>d</sup> one in return. I rec<sup>d</sup> one yesterday from Billy which is the first home that I heard from home with certainty since I left it.

I have just <sup>said</sup> over to the printing office for Yesterdays paper which I meant to enclose to you but none could be had. It contained the steps taken by Congress on the loss of the great & the good Gen<sup>l</sup> Washington. I expect you will find them republished in the Alexandria paper. Tomorrow is the day that an Oration is to be delivered in honor of his Memory & Gen<sup>l</sup> Lee is appointed to deliver it. There were some publications also which went to show that wheat & Flour are not so plenty in England as we had understood it was, from which I conclude there is no danger of a good price for the present crop, Flour has sold here as high as \$11<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> it fell again to 9. & I do not know that it is higher at this time, but it will probably be up again. I have drawn my Opinion more from Publications than from information from Merchants, for my Attention is so taken up with public business & with the different Members of Congress that I have made no acquaintance among the Merchants.

The melancholy event which has taken place, put a stop to business, so that nothing of consequence has yet come on, nor do I expect that we shall fairly begin until the holidays are over. It is a melancholy consideration that Virginia should pursue with such fury her present Policy, the decided Majority of federal characters in <sup>the Senate of</sup> this State will prevent her Co-operation and I think it very probable that the Election for Electors here will be by districts or that no law will pass on the subject in which case there will be none in the State, We are told the Senate is determined on this Point, the other house however when they have a majority of two it is said is equally determined on the old Plan. The people are meeting and preparing Petitions on both sides

NOTE CO

McNears Administration is disgusting to the Federalists and equally so to the  
Moderate thinking on the other side. His first act after the appointment of Dallas as  
his Secretary was to remove from office every man dependant on him in the State  
who voted against him or was not active in his interest. His appointment too  
of the Pittsburg Brackensidge as one of the Judges of the Supreme Court has displeas'd  
many & among them several of his friends who thought themselves as well intitled to  
the appointment. These disorganisers have hitherto hung wondrously together,  
but in this State there <sup>are</sup> strong hopes that they may split. It is said McNear cannot  
find plans for all to whom he had made promises & there are wrangling.  
Whether the man of the people as he is called when he arrives here may not find  
means to reconcile these differences I cannot tell but that as it may I am persuaded  
that Congress will steadily go on with such measures as may be supposed the  
best calculated to promote the interest & secure the rights of the people regardless  
of any bug bears which may be set up by way of fright. One serious danger  
however arises from this circumstance. The French will believe that they have  
a fixed and decided strong party in this Country & however they may be mistaken  
as to the reality of this they will take their measures against us consistent  
with this opinion & altho' I trust they will in the end find themselves mistaken  
yet great distresses may be brought on our Country in consequence of it and  
if their success should continue in Europe they may succeed in bringing this  
Country into their power for there is one truth of which I cannot doubt, that we  
have people in our Country who rather than not rule at all would willingly do  
it with their eyes if it was even attended with the surrender of our independance.  
At the same time I do not believe there are many of these but they take their  
measures with such art that great numbers are deceived.

I am anxious to hear whether Mr. Marshelle brought any money from  
Col. Bullitt & how that matter stands, also how fortunes Crop of Corn turned out  
as well as his flock — Please get a specimen of today which I send. Fare  
with my affections to all

Mrs  
Seven Towels

1797-25-22  
Mrs  
Seven Towels

Phil<sup>a</sup> Dec<sup>r</sup> 25<sup>th</sup> 1799.

Dear Burr.

I think this must  
be the fourth letter which I  
have written to you & in one  
of them enclose one to your  
mother and as yet I have  
not rec<sup>d</sup> one in return,  
I rec<sup>d</sup> one yesterday from  
Billy which is the first time  
that I have from home  
with certainty since I left  
it.

I have just sent one to the  
printing office for Yesterdays  
paper which I meant to  
enclose to you but now  
could be had. It contained  
the steps taken by Congress  
on the loss of the great old  
good Gen<sup>l</sup> Washington. I expect  
you will find them pub-  
lished in the Alexandria  
paper. Tomorrow is the day  
that an oration is to be  
delivered in honor of his  
memory Gen<sup>l</sup> Lee is appointed  
to deliver it. There were some

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

publications also which went  
to show that wheat & flour  
are not so plenty in England  
as we had understood it  
was from which I concluded  
there is no danger of a good  
piece farther crop. Flour has  
sold here as high as \$11 1/2 it  
fell again to 9 & I do not know  
that it is higher at this  
time, but it will probably  
be up again. I have drawn  
my opinions more from  
publications than from in-  
formation from Merchants,  
so my attention is still taken  
up with public business  
& with the different Members  
of Congress that I have made  
no acquaintance among the  
Merchants.

The melancholy event which  
has taken place put a stop  
to business, so that nothing  
of consequence has yet  
come on, nor do I expect  
that we shall fairly begin

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

until the holidays are over.  
It is a melancholy consideration  
that Virginia should pursue  
with such fury her present  
policy, the decided majority  
of Federal characters in the  
Senate of this State will  
prevent her Cooperation and  
I think it very probable that  
the Election for Electors here  
will be by districts or that  
no law will pass on the  
subject in which case there  
will be none in the State. We  
are told the Senate is deter-  
mined on this point, the  
other house however where they  
have a majority of two it is  
said is equally determined  
on the old plan. The people are  
making and preparing Petitions  
on both sides McKean's Adminis-  
tration is disgusting to the  
Federalists and equally so to  
the moderate thinking on  
the other side. His first Act  
after the appointment of Dallas

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*



as his Secretary was to remove  
from Office every man de-  
pendant on him in the  
State who voted against  
him or was not active in  
his interest. His Appointment  
too, of the Pittsburg Breckinridge  
as one of the Judges of the  
Supreme Court has displeas'd  
many among their sword  
of his friends who thought  
themselves as well entitled  
to the Appointment. These  
disorganisers have heretofore  
been wonderfully together, but in  
this State there are strong hopes  
that they may split, It is  
said McKean cannot find  
placem for all to whom he  
had made promises these  
are wrangling. Whether the  
man of the people as he is  
called when he arrives here  
may not find means to  
reconcile these differences I  
cannot tell, but be that as  
it may I am persuaded that

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

Congress will steadily go on  
with such measures as may  
be supposed the best calculated  
to promote the interest & secure  
the rights of the people regardless  
of any bugbears which may be  
set up by way of fright. The  
serious danger however arises  
from that circumstance, the  
French will believe that they  
have a fixed and decided  
strong party in this Country  
tho' ever they may be mistaken  
as to the reality of this they  
will take their measures  
against us consistent with  
this opinion & altho' I think  
they will in the end find  
themselves mistaken yet great  
distresses may be brought on  
our Country in consequence  
of it and if this success  
should continue in Europe they  
may succeed in bringing this  
Country into their power, for  
there is one truth of which  
I cannot doubt, that we have

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

people in our Country who  
rather than not do at  
all would willingly do it  
with their aid if it was  
even attended with the  
surrender of our independence  
at the same time I do not  
believe there are many of these  
but they take their measures  
with such art that great  
numbers are deceived.

I am anxious to hear whether  
Mr. Marshall brought any money  
from Col. Bullitt when that  
matters stands, also how fortunate  
Crop of Corn turn'd out as  
well as his stock - I have got  
papers of to day which I send.  
I am with my Affections to all  
Yrs  
Loren Powell.

Dec. 25. 1799

Major Genl Smith

Wm. Mifflin

London County -  
Virginia